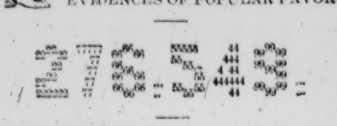




## DAILY TIMES—WEEKLY MIRROR.

EVIDENCES OF POPULAR FAVOR



A QUARTER OF A MILLION  
COPIES IN OCTOBER!

Sworn Circulation of the Times at Various  
Periods Since August, 1890.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ss.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, ss.

Personally appeared before me, H. G. Otis,

Notary Public, and general manager of the

Times-Mirror Company, and George W.

Lawford, foreman of the pressroom of the

Los Angeles Times, who, being both duly

sworn, depose and say that the circulation

of the Los Angeles Times on the 31st day

of August, 1891, was 6,582 copies; that the daily

average circulation for said month was

6,518 copies; and that the daily average

circulation for the months given below was

as follows:

For August, 1890, 6,113 copies

For September, 1890, 6,340

For October, 1890, 6,443

For November, 1890, 6,456

For December, 1890, 6,456

For January, 1891, 6,518

For February, 1891, 6,537

For March, 1891, 6,582

For April, 1891, 6,582

For May, 1891, 6,582

For June, 1891, 6,582

For July, 1891, 6,582

For August, 1891, 6,582

For September, 1891, 6,582

For October, 1891, 6,582

And, further, that said circulation was bona

fide in the strictest sense.

(Signed) H. G. OTIS,

(Signed) G. W. LAWFORD,

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this

31st day of October, 1891.

(SEAL) G. A. DAWSON, Notary Public.

The circulation exhibit in detail for Octo-

ber is as follows:

For the week ended October 1, 6,250 copies

For the week ended October 8, 6,140

For the week ended October 15, 6,140

For the week ended October 22, 6,352

For the week ended October 29, 6,250

For the days ended October 31, 26,640

Total, 276,450

Average per day for the 31 days, 8885

Our circulation books and press room re-

ports are open to the inspection of adver-

tisers. Classified advertising 5 cents per

agate line.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

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San Francisco lots in the direction of the

city's growth, for sale on easy terms. Cor-

respondence with Mr. M. C. WICKS, 418, S. Main

st., Los Angeles, Cal.

Association of Market, Kearney, Geary and Third

sts., San Francisco, Cal.

WISMAN'S LAND BUREAU.

Notary Public and headquarters for

government and State land sales. No. 221

W. First st., Los Angeles, Cal. State lands only

1250 per acre. Address for circulars.

CALIFORNIA STRAW WORKS; La-

diest and best of straw hats, made in

California, and of the latest styles and first-

class work guaranteed; Thurston's Steam Dye Works

in connection. Tel. 102. 102 S. Main st.

H. H. BENEDICT, MECHANICS.

Express, general express and baggage

transfer. 325 S. Spring st. Piano and fur-

niture moving a specialty.

THE CITY STEAM DYEING AND

CLEANING WORKS and office has re-

moved to 343 S. Broadway.

NEW AND SECOND HAND BOOKS.

FOWLER & COLWELL, 111 W. 2d st.

## WANTS.

Situations Wanted—Male.

WANTED—BY AN HONEST, SOBER

young man, with good letters and ex-

perience, position as office man, clerk, or

driver for bakery or grocery, or as porter in

wholesale house. References furnished. Ad-

dress K. 100, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GENTLEMAN,

in employment in evening and morning for

room and board, to do clerical work, book-

keeping, stenography, typewriting, or other

work. Address: 100 S. SPRING ST., LOS AN-

GELES. Tel. 100.

WANTED—MAN WITH HORSE AND

buggy to take orders in country; also an

intelligent young Catholic, student preferred,

for city work. Address: 112 S. SPRING ST.,

before 9 a.m. at 750 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A TINKER,

good roofer; also understands the stove,

hardware and implements business. Address: C.

M. TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—POSITION BY COMPETENT

man of 15 years experience in commercial

business, best of references. Address: H.

B. TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, SITU-

ation in family or general housework, or

in horse care. Address: A. TIMES OFFICE.

Situations Wanted—Female.

WANTED—A POSITION AS HOUSE-

keeper in a family or in a hotel, in Califor-

nia or Arizona; widow of refinement; no

triflers. Address: E. W. 726 STEVENSON ST.,

San Francisco, Cal.

WANTED—A POSITION AS HOUSE-

keeper in hotel or family by an experienced

lady; no triflers. Address: 100 S. SPRING ST.,

before 9 a.m. at 750 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—A COMPETENT LADY'S

household help, to do general housework,

no triflers. Address: 100 S. SPRING ST.,

before 9 a.m. at 750 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSE-

keeper in small family; best of references.

Address: 100 S. SPRING ST., before 9 a.m.

at 750 S. OLIVE ST.

WANTED—BY A GIRL, A SITUATION

to do cooking or general housework, or

in horse care. Address: A. TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED DRESS-

maker, engagements to families by the

day or at own home. 212 S. SPRING ST.,

27, opposite theater.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A FRENCH

lady in family or hotel; best of references.

Address: K. 100, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—LADIES WISHING DRESS-

making done at their homes, please call

at 312 W. FOURTH ST., near Broadway.

## Help Wanted—Male and Female.

WANTED—MURKINER, REAU

of information, male and female; for par-

ticulars send 50c stamps or money; office

hours, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Address: P. O. Box 185,

Los Angeles, Cal.

WANTED—FREE AND ALL

kind of work, 319 S. Spring st. E.

1111 N. 2d st. Telephone 13.

## Wanted—To Purchase.

WANTED—10 OR 15 ACRES OF GOOD,

unimproved land convenient to Santa Mon-

ica. The price is fair. Particulars, price and

best terms, please send to 128 S. Spring

st., Los Angeles, Cal.

WANTED—A SUITE OF HOUSE, BE-

tween 10 and 15 acres, with fruit trees, and

Figueras st., will pay from \$1000 to \$1500

cash. Must have possession by Dec. 1. JESSE

WILLIAMS, 121 S. Main st.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE THE

best 20 to 40-acre orange grove,

with good buildings, within 10 miles of Los

Angeles, for cash. Must be a fine place. See

M. BROWN, 213 W. First st.

WANTED—TO BUY A SMALL FIRE-

proof safe. Room 13, OLD WILSON

BLANCH.

## Wanted—To Rent.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND

his wife, permanent location in way

of nice, large, sunny room and bath, or suite

of rooms, between Main and Olive, Second and

Sixth sts. Send 50c stamps or money. Ad-

dress: K. 100, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—TO RENT TO A RESPON-

sible party, a small, sunny room, with bath,

between Main and Olive, Second and

Sixth sts. Send 50c stamps or money. Ad-

dress: K. 100, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BOUSES TO RENT, FRU-

nished or unfurnished; also rooms

for sale. Please call on the proprietors, who

have the customers. NEELY, CORNER FIRST

and REDDICK BLOCK, First and Broadway.

WANTED—A HOUSE OF 4 OR 5

rooms, furnished, close to city, anywhere

between Main and Olive, Second and

Sixth sts. Send 50c stamps or money. Ad-

dress: K. 100, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—A SUITE OF SUNNY ROOMS

with bath, in a private family, for 3 ge-

ntlemen. Address: G. S. TIMES OFFICE.

## WANTS.

Help Wanted—Male.

PETTY & HUMMEL'S

EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.

In Basement Bryn Mawr, Sprake Block,

Cor Spring.

207 W. Second st. Telephone 40. Cut this out.

A boy to wait table and cook, \$20, etc.; baker

for first-class place, \$10, etc.; short-order cook,

\$45; rouletier, \$1.50, board and room; wood

chopper, man and wife, \$40, etc.; Swedish

man and wife, \$40, etc.; man and wife for

ranch, \$25, etc.; good restaurant cook who can

also bake, \$12 per week and room; cook for

first-class hotel, an "A No. 1" wage, \$10, per

week, woman, \$10, per week and chambermaid

\$5 per week, both for same place; waitress for

city, \$10, etc.; good German cook for 2 in

family, \$20, etc.; cook for woman and little

girl, \$20, etc.; second German cook for 2 in

hotel, some waiting, \$20 to \$25, etc.; second

girl, \$25, etc.; 4 places, \$25, etc.; girl for

China, \$20, etc.; girl for Ventura, \$25, etc.; girl

for Santa Monica, 2 in family, \$25, etc.; 3 girls

for nurse girls, second girls, little girls, old ladies,

etc., etc.; 100 good places for ladies; typew-

rite and stenographer for our own office;

apply for terms. Remember that our agency

is the largest and best in Southern California

and our quarters and prompt attention.

Don't forget the place.

WANTED—HELP, HELP, HELP, KEAR-

ney & Co. 121 S. Main st. Tel. 100.

Parting conducted by Mrs. Kearney, 121 S.

Spring st. Twelve men to chop wood, \$2.50 to

\$3.50 per cord; ranch hands, \$10, per cord;

and dishwashers, 100 girls for all kinds of

work, \$1.50 to \$2.50, per day, per week, per

month, Call and see us and register your names

free. Eastern office.

WANTED—ONE GOOD EXPERIENCED

man to work in orange grove, 1/2 mile north of

small family. Apply on ranch, 1/2 mile north of

old Mission Church, San Gabriel. D. W. FARGO.

Wanted—Experienced man to

sell farm machinery, wagons, etc.; no

applying unless you understand the business.

Address promptly, MACHINERY TIMES

OFFICE.

WANTED—5 MEN FOR AN OUTDOOR

business, paying first salary, \$10, per day, and

last and best recommendations. Address K.

box 65, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—PARTNER: SALESMAN;



THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,  
PUBLISHERS OF THE  
Los Angeles Daily Times, the Sunday Times, and the Saturday Times and Weekly Mirror.  
H. G. OTIS, President and General Manager.  
W. A. SPALDING, Vice-President. MARIAN OTIS, Secretary.  
ALBERT MC FARLAND, Treasurer. C. C. ALLEN.  
Office: Times Building.  
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Founded December 4, 1881.

VOLUME XX. TENTH YEAR. NUMBER 164.  
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Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter

### In Two Parts : : : Twelve Pages

GENERAL CHITMAN is talking up a project to establish a general agency for California products in London.

CHANCEY M. DEFEW is to pronounce a eulogy on Parnell at a memorial meeting to be held in New York tomorrow.

The Oakland Tribune is stirring up a decided sensation by exposing tipping practices within the prohibition limit about the State University. Some of the faculty are said to be "in it."

THE LAS VEGAS (N. M.) Optic boasts that it has "hoed its way through hours of adversity and is now mounted on a swift bicycle on the high road to prosperity." The optician is entitled to congratulations.

A NUMBER of horticulturists of Niles, Alameda county, cooperated the past season in drying their own fruit, and last week they shipped a train-load (twelve cars) of the product to Chicago. Cooperation is the watch-word of the fruit-growers all along the line.

SOME thrifty-souled fellow, who owns the land on Cheyenne Mountain, in which the body of Heien Hunt Jackson lies buried, has been making money by charging toll for visiting the grave. There is now talk of removing the remains to more consecrated ground.

The only woman delegate to the Denver mining congress is Mrs. E. J. O'Neil, a widow, 37 years of age, who, for fifteen years, has been traveling and addressing women on the leading topics of the day. Her talk at Denver will be on women's work as prospectors, miners and investors.

KENTUCKY may have a little bill to present to her neighbor, Tennessee, as a result of the recent wholesale prison delivery in the latter State. The convicts, whether impelled by instinct or by fear of recapture, made for Kentucky as soon as they were set at liberty, and several hundred of them have been apprehended by the Kentucky authorities.

It is suggested that one of the effects of the disturbances in Brazil might be to throw the coffee market into confusion if the powers that be should seize the coffee crop now on hand. The product of that staple in Brazil is so large a part of the commodity of the world that mere talk of revolution is felt throughout coffee-drinking Christendom. Everybody, of course, prefers coffee without pistols.

THE ARIZONA Republican makes a strong protest against the latest of those discriminating maps published by the Southern Pacific Railway Company, which sets forth California points in strong relief and ignores Phoenix and the Salt River Valley. The Arizona Kicker forgets that the Southern Pacific recognizes the existence of only such places as are of service to it. And sometimes those places wish it hadn't.

SPEAKING of the indictment of Boss Buckley, and the extreme unlikelihood of his return to California, a San Francisco paper says very pointedly: "His arrival in the hands of officials would be the signal for an heira, the like of which San Francisco has never witnessed. Buckley has many secrets stowed away in his memory which will serve him in a pinch better than a body-guard. If Buckley ever goes to San Quentin he will go in numerous if not in select company."

CHIEF JUSTICE TURNER of Tennessee, who is likely to be the next Governor of that State, in a speech at a recent bazaar, said that if he were on his death-bed and friends should come to him and tell him they proposed to erect a monument over his grave and wished to know what inscription he wanted on it, he would say: "Gentlemen, on that marble, in deep characters, engrave the word 'Secession'!" "I believe," he said, "I was right in 1861 when I went into the Confederate army, and now, on the 30 day of November, 1891, I know I was right." If Chief Justice Turner is elected Governor of Tennessee on that platform Tennessee deserves to remain in a condition of anarchy.

THE "Michiganizing" projects of the Democrats in Ohio and Iowa have gone by the board. The Ohio Democrats had already gerrymandered the Congressional districts, and a bill was introduced at the last session of the Legislature to choose electors by these districts, but the Democrats were not strong enough to feel certain of enacting it, and the project was abandoned. The newly-chosen Legislature being Republican in both branches, this little Democratic scheme will be indefinitely postponed. It would not be surprising, moreover, if the Republicans should take this opportunity to correct the gross inequalities of the redistricting scheme of the Democrats and reapportion the districts in such a way as to secure an ampler representation in the Congress to be chosen next year than they were able to gain in the Congress about to assemble. McKinley's "boot-leg" district is very apt to come in for some attention. In Iowa, too, the Democrats had a plan for gerrymandering the Congressional districts so as to give themselves most of the Congressmen, and by the application of the Michigan plan eight of the thirteen electors. But the newly-chosen Legislature is likely to be too close to permit the carrying through of any such trick.

### The New Ocean Line.

The arrival in San Diego, a few days ago, of the steamship Mineola marks the beginning of a new enterprise, which at the present time, when the subject of lower freight rates between the Pacific Coast and the East is attracting the attention of the whole mercantile community of this Coast, certainly commends itself to intending shippers.

The Atlantic and Pacific steamship line was formed in New York by a combination between the well-known firm of shipowners, T. Hogan & Sons, and the Saginaw Steel Steamship Company. Each of these firms contributed two steamers to the line, the Messrs Hogan owning the Mineola and Montauk, and the Saginaw Company the Keweenaw and Mackinaw. It will probably be remembered by our readers that some time ago the illustrated papers contained accounts of two vessels which were built on the lakes, in sections, and towed to deep water through the canal where the sections were joined. These vessels were the Keweenaw and Mackinaw, of 2000 tons each. The Mineola and Montauk are English-built ships of the very latest model, with capacities of 3000 tons each, and were transferred to the American flag by special act of Congress.

The Keweenaw left New York for the Pacific Coast on the 19th of July, but, by an unfortunate circumstance, was set against a rock by the current while at anchor in the Straits of Magellan, which resulted in the breaking of her propeller and necessitated her being towed to Valparaiso for repairs, from which port she will continue her voyage on the 12th of this month, and is due to arrive here shortly after the 1st of December.

The long delay at Valparaiso was due to the lack of inadequate facilities for making the necessary repairs, and to the fact that it was finally found that the cargo would have to be discharged in order to place the vessel on the dry dock.

It is a peculiarly unfortunate circumstance that the first vessel of the new line should have come to grief, although the accident in no way reflects on the seaworthiness of the steamer.

The second steamer, the Mineola, sailed from New York August 18, and made the run to San Diego in 61 days, delivering her cargo for Southern California in as perfect condition as when it was put on board of her.

The third steamer, Mackinaw, sailed from New York October 30, with a full cargo, and is expected to reach San Diego about the last day of December.

The Montauk, which was to have been the fourth steamer, was sent over to England with a cargo, while waiting to take her place on the line, and three days out from New York, in a dense fog, became a total loss on Cape Sable.

Arrangements are now being made to charter another boat to take her place, and it is more than probable that the Progressor will be the one selected. She is one of the finest freight boats flying the American flag.

The Mineola brought a full cargo, of which Los Angeles merchants had a good share, the wholesale hardware houses taking advantage of the very attractive rates offered, which were about one-half of what the railroads charge. The Mineola is now loading in San Francisco for the return voyage, and will take her cargo of Southern California products at San Diego on the 22d of the month. In this cargo will be about 150 tons of honey, 500 round bags of wool, one carload each of wine and brandy, 25 tons of dried fruits, 2 carloads of zinc ore, and probably several large shipments of hides in bales, and crude asphaltum in barrels. From San Francisco the cargo will be principally wool, wine, salmon and canned goods. The company are making a through rate from the Pacific Coast to London or Liverpool on salmon and canned goods of 87 1/2 cents per 100 pounds, including the transfer at New York and the transatlantic insurance.

As soon as the eastern markets will warrant it, there are 1500 tons of brewing barley awaiting shipment from San Diego, which has been promised to this line.

It is the idea of the owners of this line to give the best possible freight service, and even to run the steamers without profit until the completion of the Nicaragua canal, when, being already established and in running order, an immense business will be offered them, and when the steamers will be able to make such quick passages as to compete with the time taken by the railroads in bringing freight across the continent.

The agents of the line have had many applications from people who were anxious to take the long sea-trip by these steamers, but are compelled to refuse passengers, as the steamers are essentially freighters and have no passenger accommodations.

A movement has been set on foot to induce the line to land their Los Angeles freight at a point nearer to this city than San Diego, and is now under consideration by the owners.

The Pacific Coast end of the line is under the management of the Johnson-Locke Mercantile Company, in San Francisco, and Messrs. Childs & Walton of this city represent it in Los Angeles and San Diego.

AN ARIZONA paper calls attention to the fact that, in one district of California during the past season, 60,000 bushels of potatoes were left in the

ground to rot because it would not pay to market them. At the same time potatoes were selling at 6 cents a pound in Phoenix. The reason why those potatoes were not dug and marketed in Arizona was because the railroad company wanted "all the traffic would bear," and that left nothing to the producer. So the farmer lost his crop, the railroad lost the freight and the Arizona people lost a chance of getting potatoes at a reasonable price. Will anybody tell us who is ahead on that deal?

### The Moon in Shadow.

There is to be a total eclipse of the moon tomorrow evening, which will be visible, to a greater or less extent, in Europe, Asia, Africa, the Atlantic Ocean, North and South America, and the eastern part of the Pacific Ocean. Astronomers tell us that it will be a spectacle well worth observing, and one particularly interesting to the general public. On this Coast the eclipse will begin in the afternoon, before the moon appears above the horizon, and the phenomenon, when first visible, will be well advanced, the moon rising immersed in the shadow of the earth, and appearing dimmed, as if covered with a dark veil. The people of the interior and Eastern States will enjoy rather better opportunities of observation than we shall. In the New England and Middle States the moon will be well elevated above the horizon when it enters the earth's shadow, so that the phenomenon will be visible in its entirety, the total phase beginning shortly after sunset, and continuing one hour and twenty-four minutes. The eclipse will be visible in various stages of its progress over every portion of the country, the weather permitting, but more of it will be seen and the moon will be higher above the horizon the farther the place of observation is located eastward from the Pacific Coast. No telescope or other appliance will be necessary to observe the eclipse satisfactorily.

### Los Angeles County and the State.

The San Francisco Bulletin, which seems to be very touchy whenever the subject of State division is broached, comes back at our contemporary, the Herald, with a formidable array of figures to prove that Los Angeles county is, in a way, making money out of the State. The Herald had asserted that, during the last ten years, Los Angeles county sent up to Sacramento the sum of \$2,500,000 to help pay for State government, while the only direct return for it is a couple of finicky public buildings located here. The Times is not agitating the subject of State division, pro or con, at the present time, but we give the Bulletin's compilation and some of its conclusions as a matter of interest.

Los Angeles has enjoyed the privilege of sending representatives to our blessed Legislature. The salaries of our Superior Judges are regularly paid by the State [only half of them]; the other half by the county—Ed. Times. Its criminals and insane are taken care of. Its schools receive their portion of the State fund. That is all that any of the counties get. But in one respect the complaining county has done better than most of them. It has, during the last ten years, received the following sums from the State School fund in excess of the amounts paid in:

	Paid In.	Received.	Gain.
1881.....	\$4,105	\$94,526	\$48,421
1882.....	53,284	87,890	34,606
1883.....	58,028	101,603	43,575
1884.....	60,183	105,638	45,455
1885.....	63,290	109,417	46,127
1886.....	96,963	115,048	18,085
1887.....	86,540	129,567	43,027
1888.....	184,425	154,206	...
1889.....	210,539	255,060	44,521
1890.....	191,145	265,480	74,335
Total.....			\$402,241
Deduct loss of 1888.....			30,219
Net gain in 10 years.....			\$372,022
*Loss in 1888, \$30,219.			

It appears that in ten years Los Angeles has got out of the State School Fund the sum of \$372,022 more than it paid in. This large amount was in fact a subsidy paid Los Angeles by several of the northern counties, principally San Francisco, to help the cause of education here. If it were necessary to examine the accounts of the other four counties, some of whose citizens are affected with the division nonsense, it would be found in ten years that more than one million and a quarter had been drawn from the northern counties, San Francisco being the chief sufferer for the support of schools in the South.

This fact seems to have colored strongly the minds of the statesmen in that region, who long to strut as senators of the new State. They apparently think no State government can be tolerated which is not as profitable all around to Los Angeles as the School Fund. But they cannot construct any government of their own which will yield any such astounding results. Of course something has to be set over to the natural confusion of the small men, who want to cut a big figure at Washington at the expense of the State. But they are plainly quarreling with their bread and butter. It will be useless for Los Angeles to expect to be able in ten years to get a subsidy of nearly \$400,000 for its schools, out of the other four counties, which it is proposed shall unite with it in setting up a new State.

LATE reports from Florida are to the effect that the orange crop of that State will not be as large as was first estimated—3,500,000 boxes. The result has created a complete change of feeling in the orange market, both at home and in the great centers of the country. In the past three weeks depression and discouragement have given place to confidence. Prices have advanced materially, and buyers in the State who failed to take previous offerings at particularly low prices, through fear of the enormous crop reported, are now actively securing fruit at the advanced prices. The opening of an export trade for Florida oranges has also had a good effect upon the market. Heavy shipments have been going to Europe for several weeks and the fruit is selling there at satisfactory prices.

A PRESSURE of 1200 atmospheres has been produced by M. Charby by the electrolytic generation of gas in a closed iron sphere, the highest previous pressure having been 447 atmospheres.

### AMUSEMENTS.

#### THE THEATERS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.—Last night the fourth performance of Cleopatra was given to a larger house, if possible, than was present on the opening night, showing that the public interest in the Davenport-McDowell combination is increasing daily. Today the matinee will begin at 2 o'clock sharp and the last performance will be given to-night. The company will not leave town until Sunday, so that there need be no fear of a curtailed performance as has been the case with some other companies playing here.

### Antony and Cleopatra.

(William S. Irwin in Philadelphia Sunday Republic.)  
Having seen lately several communications in some of our daily and Sunday journals asking information as to the authorship of the poem commencing "I am dying, Egypt, dying," and entitled "Antony and Cleopatra," a dispute as to the same having occurred, I beg, very respectfully, to submit the following facts, which may be of interest to some of your readers: The poem was written by Gen. William H. Lytle, who was one of the most talented members of the Cincinnati Club, an elegant gentleman of the most polished and fascinating manners, with the most generous and noble impulses, brave as a lion and sensitive as a woman, who served with great gallantry during the Mexican war, and at the commencement of the rebellion was among the first to offer his services for the preservation of the Union, and was killed at the battle of Chickamauga.

While convalescing from a severe illness, one evening during the year 1859, Gen. Lytle was sitting in his room, in the old Lytle mansion, in Lawrence street, Cincinnati. The "Old Lytle Mansion" as it was familiarly known in those days, was situated in the center of a large park, covering nearly a square of ground, and, surrounded by its tall and stately trees, presented somewhat the appearance of an old English castle. The room of the General very much resembled a small museum, filled as it was with rare curiosities collected during his travels, the walls being hung with numerous specimens of arms, in great variety, trophies won during the Mexican war. On the evening mentioned several friends of the General had called to congratulate him on his recovery, cheer him, and afford his faithful and devoted nurses—two lovely and affectionate sisters—an opportunity to rest. The conversation, on for a time in a lively manner, began to flag. The General, silent and appearing particularly melancholy, was observed to draw a chair to the table, and, taking pen and paper, commenced to write. Not wishing to disturb him, as he seemed deeply interested in the matter of the composition, the conversation was carried on among the rest in the room. After some time, however, he had written a few lines, and, having served his purpose, he was done with it forever, and walking over to the window, gazed intently at the moon and stars shining through the majestic elms. One of his companions, with pardonable curiosity, and, as the result proved, a commendable one, anxious to see what had so engaged the General while writing, took up the paper, and on it was written "Antony and Cleopatra." That gentleman was the lamented William W. Fosdick, the poet-laureate of the West, who, with the departed "Gen. Post," was my most cherished and intimate friend. Determined that this production should not share the fate of many others of rare merit which the General had written only to destroy, Mr. Fosdick placed the manuscript in his pocket, and published the same in the Cincinnati Commercial, of which he was at one time one of the publishers. A final copy of which publication I have in my possession—with the following comments, whose predictions have been wonderfully fulfilled:

"To the Editor of the Commercial:  
The following lines from our gifted and gallant townsman, Gen. William H. Lytle, we think constitute one of the most masterly lyrics which have ever adorned American poetry, and we predict a popularity and perpetuity for it unsurpassed by any western production."  
W. W. F.

"I am dying, Egypt, dying." [Shakespeare.  
I am dying, Egypt, dying.  
Ebbos the crimson life-tide fast.  
And the dark Phutian shadows  
Gather on the evening blast.  
Let thine arm, oh! Queen, support me,  
Hush thy sobs, and bow thine ear,  
Harken to the great heart secrets,  
Thou, and thou alone, must hear.

Though my scarred and veteran legions  
Bear their eagles high no more,  
And my wrecked and scattered galleys  
Strew dark Actium's fatal shore,  
Though no glittering guards surround me,  
Prompt to do their master's will,  
I must perish like a Roman.  
Die the great triumvir still.

Let not Caesar's servile minions  
Mock the lion thus laid low:  
'Twas no foeman's hand that slew him,  
'Twas his own that struck the blow.  
Hear, then, pillowed on thy bosom,  
How his star faded quite away,  
Him, who, drunk with thy caresses,  
Madly flung a world away!

Should the base plebeian rabble  
Dare assail my fame at Rome,  
Where the noble spouse, Octavia,  
Weeps within her widowed home.  
Seek her, say the gods have told me,  
Where the Augustus circles the throne,  
That her blood, with mine commingled,  
Yet shall mount the throne of Kings.

And for thee, star-eyed Egyptian!  
Glorious sorceress of the Nile,  
Light the path to Stygian horrors  
With the splendors of thy smile:  
Give the Caesar crown thy kisses,  
Let his brow the laurel twine,  
I can scorn the Senate's triumphs,  
Triumphing in love like thine.

I am dying, Egypt, dying:  
Hark! the insulting foeman's cry!  
They are coming—quick, my falchion,  
Let us front them ere I die!  
Ah! no more amid the battle  
Shall my heart exulting swell,  
Isis and Osiris guard thee,  
Cleopatra! Rome!—farewell!

SIDE STROKES.  
When a fly is in a hurry he makes 600 strokes a second, so it is no wonder you can't hit him the first time.

A man named Waters has been elected president of a San Bernardino county irrigation company, which seems to have been an appropriate thing to do.

A den of snakes containing a hundred or so copperhead rattlers has been discovered in Kansas, which is further proof that prohibition does not prohibit.

A Kansas editor acknowledges the receipt of a clingsome peach weighing a tray pound. That looks bigger than if he had said it weighed twelve ounces avoirdupois.

A New York paper notes with surprise that when a warship recently sailed from that city for Chile there "was no bustle on the dock." New York papers should know that the bustle has gone out of style.

A St. Louis young man who had been dumb for five years, while out hunting one day, began, in the excitement of the chase, to yell at the top of his lungs. Afterward he was able to speak with perfect articulation. A similar case is on record here. A Los Angeles man who for years has had a speech impediment that he could sleep only in a chair, went hunting recently and on his return could talk with ease.

The latest savings-bank idea has the merit of novelty. The officers of the bank let you take home, upon putting up a dollar for security, a little nickel-plated box with a slot and a lock, and big enough to hold \$25 in dimes. The bank clerk keeps the key but you keep the bank, and if you are real saving you can soon fill it with stray coins. This done, you must carry the bank to the cashier. The bank combination, in order to get it open, when you can deposit the whole amount with the big banker or go and blow in the cash as you please. The little money safe is not an unbreakable burglar-proof, but the owner feels secure in the knowledge that even if the cashier skips with the key the loss is not irreparable.

### GOSSIP FROM LONDON.

#### Tories Preparing Their Platform for the Campaign.

Shocking Abuses Disclosed in the Great Textile Factories.

Tracheotomy as a Remedy for "Roaring" Race-horses.

The British Admiralty Discovers That Monster Guns on Warships Are Failures—Another Phase of the Irish Factional Fight.

By Telegraph to The Times.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—[Copyright, 1891, by the New York Associated Press.] The Executive Committee of the Conservative associations have drafted a platform to be adopted at the great party caucus at Birmingham on the 23d. The leading proposal concerns Ireland. The conference will be asked to endorse the intention of the ministers to extend local government and promote technical education in Ireland. At the same time it is declared that inequalities arising from according Ireland a disproportionate representation in Parliament ought to be redressed.

Other important planks provide for the extension of the franchise to women who are land owners or house occupants, the creation of a labor department under a member of the Cabinet, and legislation to enable local authorities to acquire land to facilitate the creation of small rural holdings. As a further concession to the labor representation, they urge Conservatives to support labor candidates everywhere who appeal to enter public life upon no party lines. This plank contrasting with the Liberal pronouncement against labor candidates in purely labor interests, is deftly contrived to encourage the split in the Radical workmen's party. The resolution was proposed by Howard Vincent, an eager advocate of Imperial federation, who has just returned from America full of wrath against the McKinley law, and favors a preferential tariff throughout the British Empire.

Startling evidence has been laid before the Labor Commission in regard to the condition of operatives in the textile trades in Lancashire and Yorkshire. Of the workers' scant wages, ranging from 16s weekly upward, a system of relentless fines for spoiled material and petty causes absorbs a large percentage. A single fine sometimes absorbs a whole week's pay. Many workmen live in a state of semi-starvation. The cause of the depression, which has been suppressed, is still in active existence and the factory acts are actively defied.

Duc la Tremouille and Duc de Noailles, prominent Orleanists, have arrived at Shen House for a conference with the Comte de Paris in regard to the charges against Duc d'Orleans in connection with the Melba divorce case. The Duc d'Orleans persists that his relations with Mme. Melba have been purely platonic. The French discuss the case as a matter that does not affect the political prospects of the Orleanists. English papers give almost no attention to the case.

The race horse Ormonde, in which an English syndicate invested £42,000 in rebuying him from an Argentine stud-breeder, was recently offered to the British Government. Chaplin, president of the Board of Agriculture, declined to accept Ormonde on the ground that he is a "roarer." This response has raised public discussion before the horse-breeding circles, especially in view of the fact that the horse Golden Plume won a race at Liverpool yesterday, after undergoing the operation of tracheotomy for the cure of "roaring." Golden Plume has a silver pipe in his throat, through which the trachea is visible. The pipe is secured in the throat by a turned edge, the horse breathing through the tube with the utmost freedom.

The British Admiralty is much excited over the growing record of defects in the great guns on English warships. Five vessels have recently been declared to be carrying unreliable guns. In the 110-ton gun of the ironclad Benbow, which has been in commission only a few weeks, a crack developed in the inner tubes after firing a few rounds of 900 pounds each, the service full charge. Similar accidents happened to the guns of the Victoria and Sans Pareil. Generally these heavy weapons are becoming distrusted, and the Admiralty has ordered a number of them to be taken to the ordnance works to be strengthened. Meanwhile the 75-ton guns of the French fleet are acting perfectly.

Political clubs are interested in the controversy raised by T. P. O'Connor in accusing Stuart, M. P., of originating the split in the Parnellite party by injurious haste in publishing Gladstone's letter to Parnell. O'Connor, an ardent Stuart, who succeeded him as manager of the London Star, has led to the disclosure that Arnold Morley, the Liberal whip, gave to the press the letter referred to under authority of Gladstone, which initiated the rupture in the Irish party.

Mr. Stanton Cori, the successor of Moncreau Conway in the South Chapel, has resigned in order to devote himself to the work of the guild movement originating in America.

### THANKSGIVING DAY.

The President's Proclamation—Thursday the 26th of the Date.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—[By the Associated Press.] The following was issued this afternoon:  
By the President of the United States of America:  
A PROCLAMATION.

It is a very glad incident of the marvelous prosperity which has crowned the year now drawing to a close, that its helpful and reassuring touch has been felt by all our people. It has been as wide as our country, so special that every home has felt its comforting influence. It is too great to be the work of man's power and too particular to be the device of his mind. To God, the beneficent and all-wise, who makes the labors of man to be fruitful, redeems their losses by His grace and labor measure of whose giving is as much beyond the thoughts of man as it is beyond his deserts, the praise and gratitude of the people of this favored Nation are justly due. Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States of America, do hereby appoint Thursday, the 26th of November, to be a day of joyful thanksgiving. Let God be true to the bounty of His providence, for the peace in which we are permitted to enjoy them, and for the preservation of those institutions of civil and religious liberty which He gave our fathers wisdom to devise and establish and us the courage to preserve. Among appropriate observances of the day are rest from toil, worship in public congregations, the rehearsal of family ties about our American altars, and thoughtful helpfulness toward those who suffer lack of body or of spirit. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.  
Done at the city of Washington this 13th day of November, A.D. 1891, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and sixteenth.  
(Signed) BENJAMIN HARRISON.  
By the President:  
JAMES G. BLAINE, Secretary of State.

### HORRIBLE AFFAIR.

A Family of Five Persons Perish in a Burning Dwelling.

COLUMBUS (O.) Nov. 13.—[By the Associated Press.] Five lives were lost this morning in a fire which destroyed a row of cheap frame buildings on North High street. The entire family of Charles Rethard were burned.

A strange feature of the affair is that when the fire was extinguished this morning the firemen did not suspect that any lives were lost, and not until late in the day, when the family was missed by a friend, was a search made. The firemen then returned to the house, and on entering an upper room, met a horrible sight.

The father was on the floor, with a six-year-old girl in his arms, both bodies being burned to a crisp. The wife was partly on the bed and partly on the floor. Her body was nude, all clothing having been burned off, and the flesh burned from the back of her skull. The unfortunate woman would soon have become the mother of another child. A girl of 4 and a boy of 2 years were lying face downward on the bed, where they had met their death, their bodies being horribly burned.

### KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

Extending the Olive Branch to the Federation of Labor.

A Plan for Practically Uniting 600,000 Tolders so That They May Cooperate as Though Belonging to One Organization.

By Telegraph to The Times.

TOLSON (O.) Nov. 13.—[By the Associated Press.] The Knights of Labor convention this morning adopted a resolution to settle the difficulties between the Knights of Labor and the American Federation of Labor. If this resolution is accepted by the Federation it means that over 600,000 laboring men will be united in organized labor assemblies or unions. The proposition embraced in the resolution is as follows:

First—In future all Knights of Labor working at a trade or calling shall recognize and respect the working cards of unions of the same trade or calling attached to or affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, or connected with any labor organizations which are parties to the agreement, and such unions and their members shall in like manner recognize and respect the working cards of such Knights of Labor.

Second—All labels, the property of the federation, or of any body attached to it, or of any labor organization, shall be parties to the agreement, shall be officially recognized and indorsed by the Knights of Labor, and all Knights of Labor shall be officially recognized and indorsed by the federation and labor unions parties to this agreement.

Third—No person who is a suspended or expelled member of any union in affiliation with the federation, or of any body party to this agreement, or who is in arrears for dues or assessments, or in any other way indebted to such union or organization shall be admitted to membership in any assembly of the Knights of Labor, or who is indebted or in arrears for dues or assessments to such assembly shall be admitted to membership in any union affiliated with the federation or any of the organizations parties to this agreement.

Fourth—The provisions here made shall be promulgated as soon as practicable and go into effect on and after January 1, 1892; and be it

Resolved, that no local or other assembly of Knights of Labor shall form alliance or affiliation with any body or organization that shall refuse to enter into the agreement as above, with this order; and be it further

Resolved, that should the American Federation of Labor at its annual session refuse to enter into the agreement as outlined above, it shall be the duty of the general officers of the Knights of Labor to issue an address to the workingmen of America setting forth all the facts.

The afternoon was spent in secret work.

### ATTACHED.

A Large Chicago Firm in Financial Trouble.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—[By the Associated Press.] The wholesale clothing business conducted by Louis Adler at Nos. 203 and 205 Madison street is in the hands of the Bank of Commerce, that institution having taken possession on a chattel mortgage for \$42,500 executed today to secure notes given by Adler. The latter's credit has been considered first-class and although he had been called to borrow considerable money of late, he found no trouble in negotiating his paper. The action of the Bank of Commerce is said to have been precipitated by a demand for the payment of other notes made by New York banks. Adler has a valuable stock and one of the interested parties said that if properly handled the business would be worth about \$250,000. It is understood the claims against Adler will aggregate \$150,000 or more. No definite statement is yet obtainable. Unusually poor trade and heavy expenses are said to be responsible for the failure.

### AN OLD CROOK

His Scheme to Victimize New York Bank Nippers in the Budget.

## WENT TO THE BOTTOM.

**A British Ship Sunk on the British Columbia Coast.**

**Five San Jose Convicts Run Away from Their Guard.**

**Boss Buckley in no Hurry to Return to This State.**

**Other Coast News—The Southern Pacific Preparing to Fill the Santa Margarita Gap—Idaho Mormons Greatly Troubled.**

**By Telegram to The Times.**

VICTORIA (B. C.), Nov. 13.—[By the Associated Press.] The British bark Sarah, Capt. Greenhalgh, of Yarmouth from Manila to Port Townsend, is a total wreck below Carmanah Point. B. C. The crew got ashore in boats, but in making the landing one boat was stove in and two men were drowned. The Sarah was built in Nova Scotia by Ross in 1874. She was a wooden vessel of 1442 tons burthen and had been in the eastern trade for some time. At the time of the wreck she was in ballast, being on her way to the sound to load lumber for Sydney, N. S. W.

Particulars of the disaster are very meager. She is believed to have struck during a fog, and went to pieces soon after. A strong westerly wind was blowing. The steamer Mystery was sent down for the shipwrecked sailors who are at the lighthouse.

## CLOSING THE GAP.

**Southern Pacific Preparing to Complete Its Coast Division.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 13.—[By the Associated Press.] C. H. Phillips and J. H. Jack of San Luis Obispo have presented to Vice-President C. F. Crocker documents granting the Southern Pacific company a right-of-way for its proposed line, which is to complete the gap between Santa Margarita and Eglwood on the Coast division, a distance of seventy-five miles.

Mr. Crocker has given Mr. Phillips and Mr. Jack assurances that the company's attorneys will examine the documents, and if they are found to be as represented, construction of the line will soon be commenced.

## IDAHO MORMONS.

**A Sensation Caused by the Arrest of a Prominent "Saint."**

BOISE CITY (Idaho), Nov. 13.—[By the Associated Press.] J. A. Stuckie, a wealthy and influential Mormon of Bear Lake county, has been arrested upon an indictment found against him six years ago for unlawful cohabitation. He has been arrested twice before, but each time escaped.

After his second escape he was sent to Switzerland as a Mormon missionary. He is now out on bail. The arrest has caused a sensation, as it is thought other arrests will follow.

**More Evidence Against Train Wreckers.**

COLFAX (Cal.), Nov. 13.—The clambake used in the train wrecking near here was found this morning. It consists of an old drill about twenty inches long, made in a very clumsy manner, clearly not by a professional blacksmith. It was found about 150 feet from the place where the rails were taken up, under about two inches of debris, in the spot designated by Al Roberts.

## Five Convicts Escape.

SAN JOSE, Nov. 13.—Five prisoners at the county jail escaped today while being driven in a wagon to work upon Coyote Creek, by Sebastian Sepulveda. While on the way all of the quintette suddenly leaped from the wagon and took to their heels. Sepulveda gave chase, but was soon left far behind. They have not yet been recaptured.

## Idaho's Prison Investigation.

BOISE CITY (Idaho), Nov. 13.—The investigation into the management of the Idaho penitentiary by the Prison Commissioners closed last night and Warden S. Mack was retained. The cause of the inquiry was the charge that the Warden permitted a brutal prize-fight between convicts, and that the guards were drunk while on duty.

## The Ballfield.

SACRAMENTO, Nov. 13.—San Francisco won easily from the home team today by a score of 9 to 4.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 13.—San José, 8; Oakland, 6.

## Suicide After a Spree.

NAPA, Nov. 13.—William H. Bamber, a native of England, aged 30 years, committed suicide here last night by drinking carbolic acid. He had been on a protracted spree.

## Boss Buckley Likes Canada.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—A special from Montreal says that Christopher A. Buckley has apparently established himself there for the winter, and shows no disposition to leave.

## Gold Under the Missouri River.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 13.—The assayer to whom was submitted a sample of gold ore found in the borings under the Missouri River near this city certifies that it would weigh out \$128 of gold to the ton. The gold is in a peculiar place in the ground under the river bed, and it would hardly be practicable to mine it. Geologists think it is washings from some gold-bearing region.

## Duluth Docks Burning.

DULUTH (Minn.), Nov. 13.—Fires on the coal docks which have already done a damage of \$100,000 took a fresh start this morning. The docks of the Northwestern Fuel Company caught fire and are blazing underneath the coal. Two fire tugs, a city engine and the fire apparatus of the Lake Superior Elevator Company, assisted by 200 men, are fighting the fire.

## Bankers Close Their Doors.

LINCOLN (Nebr.), Nov. 13.—Kloman & Arnold, bankers at Broken Bow, closed their doors this morning and telegraphed the Auditor of State for an examination. Tenders of deposits were refused yesterday. It is thought depositors will be paid in full.

## Two Men Blown to Pieces.

DENVER, Nov. 13.—A Las Vegas (N. M.) special to the Republican says: "It is learned by a special from Kingstons, N. M., that William Huthins and Dick Jay were literally blown to pieces yesterday in a mine by a premature explosion of twenty-five pounds of powder."

## New Treaty of Commerce.

BERLIN, Nov. 13.—It was announced today that the protocol of the treaty of commerce between Germany and Italy had been signed.

## A CHICAGO TRAGEDY.

**Mysterious Death of Mother and Son—Foul Play Suspected.**

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—[By the Associated Press.] A horrible double murder was committed last night, the victims of which are Mrs. Gretzen Lenznerhager, who kept a saloon, and her fifteen-year-old son, George. The woman was choked to death, and the boy beaten and choked. The murders were evidently for the purpose of robbery.

The murder was discovered by a neighboring merchant, who entered the saloon this morning to get a drink. He found the body of Mrs. Lenznerhager and that of her son in a room, both having been strangled and beaten. The man at once summoned the police, and a dozen officers are now working on the case.

Two men were seen to leave the place about 11 o'clock last night, and it is supposed they were the murderers. The police have a fair description of them, and are on the lookout. Dr. Buchanan made an autopsy this evening, and declares that the tragedy was a case of murder and suicide. He asserts that the facts go to show that the woman poisoned her son and herself, the supposed motive being that she was afraid he was about to leave home, placing her upon her own resources.

## STARTLING REPORTS.

**Japan Will Help China in a War with Other Powers.**

The Charleston Leaves China for Honolulu and a British Correspondent Thinks She Will Seize the Hawaiian Islands.

**By Telegram to The Times.**

LONDON, Nov. 13.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The Chronicle's Shanghai correspondent says: "Quietude prevails here, but in Hunan the natives are seething with discontent and likely to break into revolt at any moment. No indemnity will be paid Europeans who suffered in the Tchang riots. The malcontents are aware that the Pekin government has no real disposition to satisfy Europe and further trouble is inevitable. Li Hung's policy is to embroil the powers one with another."

"I am able to confirm the report of the existence of an agreement by which the Japanese fleet will assist the Chinese in case of need. Japanese vessels are already coming to Chinese waters. 'The American Admiral has left in the cruiser Charleston for Honolulu. He has been from the first very bellicose towards Chinese officials and has not concealed his belief that extreme measures are necessary. It is understood that under cover of the protection of Americans, he will seize Honolulu in the name of his Government.'"

## THE W. C. T. U. CONVENTION.

**Miss Willard Delivers Her Annual Address Reports Read.**

BOSTON, Nov. 13.—[By the Associated Press.] Four thousand people packed Tremont Temple this morning when the world's convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union was called to order by Miss Willard.

In her annual address Miss Willard paid a glowing tribute to the individual and collective work of the members, giving an eloquent account of the magnitude and far-reaching results of woman's work in temperance. Miss Willard says that there remains much to be done. The church itself must have a new crusade. Its doors of gospel grace must stand open night and day. It must not be a huge, locked-up cave of masonry during six days of the week, for such cannot be the twentieth century exposition of the church of him who went about doing good. We must draw the people to church by having something there for them which will lead them up to the perfection and love of spiritual blessing. That party which unmistakably declares for the prohibition of strong drink in the political platforms of 1892 is the only one that can hope for the good will, good words and prayer of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. We nailed that banner to the mast in 1884, and "sink or swim, live or die, survive or perish," we will keep it waving.

Miss Willard dwelt at length upon scientific temperance institutions, literature, medal contests, the temperance press, labor questions, Sabbath observance, evangelistic work, work among policemen, social purity, marriage and divorce, purity in art, the woman's temperance temple, the national temperance hospital, etc.

She was followed by Lady Henry Somerset, who made a brief address.

The report of the treasurer showed the receipts of the year to be \$25,259, and expenditures \$23,217. At the afternoon session the corresponding secretary, Mrs. Buell of Connecticut, read her report. At the first convention in Cleveland in 1874 seventeen States were represented, and at this convention, fifty-one States and territories are represented. At the time of the second convention there were 4458 members in the Union. This year the membership is 153,402, a gain over last year of 10,969.

The introduction of delegates to the world's convention and various reports completed the afternoon session.

## THE OPIUM RING.

**One Arrest—Disclosures Involving Prominent Men Promised.**

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—[By the Associated Press.] The Times' Washington special says: "Speaking of the opium ring and arrest of Chase, the chief of the Treasury detective force said today: 'We believe we have got the correct clew to the most enormous conspiracy against the United States that was ever threatened. It is larger than the whiskey ring because it reaches from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Contrary to our first suspicions there are few Chinamen in it, and they hold subordinate places. It has been going on for sixteen years. The Government has been defrauded of millions in duties. The profits in the business are 100 per cent., and well-known people are induced to take a share in the business. The combination was bringing into the city of New York 2000 pounds a month. The smugglers brought it in from Montreal. The detective said further: 'There are men of high standing in politics and society on both coasts who may well shake in their shoes with fear. They are likely to be arrested just as Chase was.'"

## Union Pacific's Earnings.

BOSTON, Nov. 13.—The Union Pacific's statement for September shows that the earnings of the entire system were \$1,983,000, an increase of \$420,000; for the nine months to September 30, the net earnings were \$10,338,000, a decrease of \$373,000.

## ADMIRAL BROWN HEARD.

**He Flatly Denies Playing the Spy for Balmaceda.**

**Admiral Gherardi Not Directed to Supersede Him.**

**Another United States Warship Ordered to Sail South.**

**Chileans Now Showing a Disposition to Hurry the Investigation of the Murder of the Baltimore's Sailors.**

**By Telegram to The Times.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—[By the Associated Press.] In view of the repeated statements that Admiral Brown or some of his ship's company informed the Balmaceda government party of the landing of the Congressional forces at Quintero last August, Secretary Tracy seized the opportunity afforded by the presence of the Admiral with the San Francisco at Acapulco, Mexico, a few days ago, and addressed the following telegram to him:

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—To Admiral Brown—Did you invite any Chilean officer to accompany you to the San Francisco to witness the landing of the Chileans at Quintero? Did you or any officer of your crew on their return on that occasion to Valparaiso communicate information as to what you saw to any person not connected with your vessel? [Signed.] TRACY.

Admiral Brown's reply was as follows:

ACAPULCO, Nov. 10.—To the Secretary of the Navy, Washington: I did not invite or take any Chilean officer to accompany me to the San Francisco to witness the landing of the Chileans at Quintero. Only a German went. No one from the ship gave information. Full information about the landing was known to Santiago and Valparaiso before I sailed at noon. [Signed.] BROWN.

In addition to the foregoing positive statements by Admiral Brown he distinctly says in his report to the department, dated August 31, that he was informed before he sailed for Valparaiso that the Congressional forces had effected a landing.

Orders were sent from the Navy Department to New York for the U.S.S. Concord to sail at the earliest practicable day for the West Indies to join the Philadelphia and Kearsarge.

An authoritative denial is made at the Navy Department of the published statements that Admiral Gherardi has been ordered to Chile and to relieve Admiral Brown of the command of the Pacific Station. It is said that Admiral Gherardi is under orders to cruise in the West Indies where he will be joined by the Concord; that the Atlanta is to go to Rio, and that no other orders to vessels have been issued.

Orders were sent from the Navy Department today to the U.S.S. Petrel at Santa Lucia to proceed direct to China via the Suez Canal.

## FROM CHILE.

**Re New Cabinet—The Baltimore Investigation Proceeding.**

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—[By the Associated Press.] The Herald's Valparaiso correspondent cables as follows: "There is a general understanding in Chile, though not officially announced, that Admiral Montt will appoint two Conservatives as State Councillors. This leaves the Liberals in a majority of three in the council, but it is satisfactory to Señors Walker, Martinez and Irarrazabal. They have withdrawn their resignations. It is thought Señor Altamirano will be called upon to form a cabinet when Montt has been formally installed as President."

"Judge Foster is making all due haste in the investigation into the recent attack on the Baltimore's sailors. There seems to be every disposition to bring the investigation to a close as quickly as possible, and the feeling against Americans has toned down in a marked degree."

"Capt. Jenkins of the steamer Keewauw was examined by Judge Foster relative to the alleged assault on Fireman Patrick Shields of his ship. Capt. Jenkins was assured that a thorough investigation of the case would be made, and if it were proven that the police committed the assault they would be punished."

## The Death Penalty.

FAYETTE (Miss.), Nov. 13.—Alexander Chambers, alias Tom Sutton (colored), was hanged today for the murder of Robert Henry last July.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 13.—William Somerset (colored) was hanged at Marion this afternoon for the murder of Ed Fore.

## Planting the Desert.

ANDY CALDWELL was in the city Monday afternoon, and he told us that he had traveled from Pomona to San Diego—from Santa Ana to Santa Barbara, and up the Antelope Valley, and everywhere were evidence to the largest tree planting next winter that California has ever known. Andy sold 10,000 olive trees to be put out on one ranch in Antelope Valley of 250 acres. E. G. Durant of Pasadena is planting the following: 200,000 Muscat grapes; 10,000 Sultan grapes; 24,000 figs; 40,000 peaches; 5,000 Japan plums; 10,000 Royal apricots; 15,000 soft shell almonds; 10,000 French prunes; 10,000 olives.

## When to Fertilize.

James Boyd of Riverside is a successful orange-grower. The following is an extract from a paper of his in the Phoenix:

Now is the season of the year in which fertilizers ought to be used liberally. The application now, at the end of the irrigation season, is what is needed to give the trees a surplus of nourishment, and get the rest incorporated in the soil, forming a part thereof before next season's irrigation commences so that there will be as small portion of it as possible leached out of the soil with the waste water from irrigating. And so is it of importance that it be used before heavy winter rains come that would wash the best part of it (the soluble part) away. If put on now there is a good chance for cultivation, and thorough mixing with the soil before it gets thoroughly saturated with water.

## D. PRICE'S

**Cream Baking Powder**  
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

## DAILY EXCURSIONS

TO THE

**HOTEL del CORONADO**

Twenty-One Dollars.

Pays for a round trip ticket, including room and board for one week (with the privilege of the second week for \$10.00 additional) at America's grandest seaside resort.

THE HOTEL DEL CORONADO. Where the amount of personal comfort and enjoyment supplied by the management, the well-provided tables and exquisite service is equalled at no other hotel in California. If in the world.

HUNTING, FISHING, BATHING. Game is plentiful. Barracuda and Spanish mackerel are now taking very lively. This is the sportsman's paradise. Well-trained horses, row-boats and yachts always ready. Bathing in large swimming tanks of hot or cold salt water also in the surf.

At this delightful spot everything is bright and full of sunshine and happiness, and one never tires watching the beautiful expanse of ocean as it extends far away into the land of mystery and romance.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS.

From Los Angeles, embracing railroad, street car, ferry and motor line charges, for sale at SANTI FE TICKET OFFICE, 120 N. Spring, or FIRST ST. DEPOT. For further particulars apply to

T. D. FREEMAN, Agent.  
128 S. SPRING ST. Los Angeles.

## HOTEL NADEAU.



Strictly first-class, every modern. Fire escapes, electric call bells, elevators, etc. 200 elegant rooms, 60 suites with bath. Rates from \$1 per day. For further particulars apply to T. D. FREEMAN, Agent, 128 S. SPRING AND FIRST, Los Angeles.

## AUCTION!

**MATLOCK & REED,**

246 S. Spring st., will sell

Saturday, Nov. 14, 10 a.m.

Another large consignment of Household and Kitchen Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Bedroom Suits, Center Tables, Chairs, etc.

**MATLOCK & REED, Auctioneers,**

Walnuts Should be Clean and Bright to Sell Well.

[San Antonio Blade.] From a man who has had much experience in buying and handling walnuts, the following is learned:

In the first place he claims that in order to have a bright, clean nut, it is necessary to gather them from under the trees every day, and to preserve the kernel plump and in a highly flavored condition, the nuts after they are gathered, should be dried in the shade. A good method is to put them in a tray, and spread out to a depth of from three to four inches.

He claims that it is absolutely necessary that the soft-shell walnut be cared for as in the manner stated in order to prepare them for the market in a merchantable condition, owing to the thinness of the shell and their tendency to crack open and the kernel to shrivel up.

It is apparent to every close observer that too little attention is paid to the best methods of preparing farm produce for the market by the majority of farmers and fruit-growers. The man who is the most successful on the farm, as well as in other business, is the one who makes a study of his business and prepares his goods for the market in the best shape.

The nut season is now on, and as the prospects are not the best for high prices, the growers should get up a good natural rivalry in preparing their crops for the dealers in a manner to command the highest prices.

**Grape Seeds Cause Great Trouble.**

[Pomona Register.] J. Harry Moore, the carpenter and windmill builder lies critically ill at the Los Angeles hospital with perityphilitis. He has been ill for over two weeks. His trouble is caused by the accumulation of grape seeds in the caecum of the intestine, and the chances of recovery from the inflammation thus set up are rare. Mr. Moore has been in the habit of eating large quantities of grapes and swallowing the seeds and skins. In this way nearly a tea-cupful of seeds accumulated in the caecum. It is not yet known whether an operation has been performed upon the patient.

**Price Paid at China for Beets.**

[Chino Champion.] The Argus, a paper printed at Covina, in Los Angeles county, is the latest to wonder why the farmers are paid but \$3.50 a ton for beets. From this supposition that paper deduces an alarming tale of great wealth amassed at the expense of the producer. The facts have been published repeatedly. The factory here pays \$3.50 per ton for beets analyzing 12 per cent. saccharine, and 25 cents per ton for each per cent. above 12. For beets testing 14 per cent. \$4.00 is paid; those testing 16 per cent. bring \$4.50, and for 18 per cent. beets \$5.00 is paid. The beets harvested here this year have averaged about 16 per cent. sugar, so that the average price would be about \$4.50 per ton. As high as \$5.50 per ton has been paid at the factory.

A party of eastern fruit dealers and growers will leave Boston next February for the Pacific Coast, visiting Los Angeles and other fruit-growing localities of Southern California. A like expedition was fitted out last winter, and proved so successful that its repetition every season seems likely. California has a winter climate scarcely rivalled, and visiting its fruit-growers very nicely combines business with pleasure.

[Exchange.]

**J. T. SHEWARD,**  
113-115 North Spring St.

## TODAY

We are giving the best service, the most polite attention and the greatest freedom in showing goods ever made by a dry goods house in this city. The method adopted of moderate profits on each and every article in the house is gaining for us an enormous trade. The business of the house is showing a very large increase. Any impertinence or impoliteness or a lack of willingness in showing goods on the part of any employe, if reported, will be immediately acted upon in such a manner that future infractions of this kind will not be tolerated. The utmost freedom in showing goods, whether you wish to purchase or not, is accomplishing a great work. Trade quadrupled in cloaks; trade doubled in dress goods; large increases in every other department. Costly red tape and expensive methods have given way to common sense and lowering of expenses. This means a lowering of profits all along the line. Today you can buy cloaks cheaper; you have a larger selection; you are treated right, and you can see any article we have if you wish to look at it. Then, if you do not wish to purchase, you will be treated as well as if you had bought one-half the store. That is an imperative order for the entire house, and it is being rigidly enforced. People like good treatment, they like attention, and under my own personal management this is what they are receiving. You will find cheaper and better goods than under a costly system of red tape; you will receive better treatment and far more willing help. There are no dissatisfied employes in the house and none will be retained one minute. Only those who are willing to please and wait upon all with the utmost cordiality will be retained. Come in and see how hard they all try to please.

## Voluntary Testimonials

—GIVEN TO—

**DR. WOHL,**

The Eminent Chinese Physician.

No Opium or Poisonous Drugs are used in my Practice.



Herbs and Medicines of Absolute Purity constantly on hand and for Sale.

Dr. Wohl's life work has been from early youth one of persistent and untiring observation, study and investigation, as fully as lay in his power to perfect himself in all branches of the art of healing human sickness and disease. Born in China, of influential parents, of a family whose ancestors have been for generations deservedly renowned as leading physicians, Dr. Wohl naturally followed in the footsteps of his fathers. In China he has practiced his profession for several years, being at one time a physician in the Imperial Hospital, and in America for a long time. His great number of patients, his wonderful and many cures, and the great list of letters from grateful and thankful patrons now prove him to be a remarkable and successful healer of sickness and all diseases.

For a long time I have been suffering with a bladder and kidney trouble. No doctoring or medicines seemed to do me good. I consulted the best physicians and surgeons in Los Angeles city. They gave me morphine and drugs, but no relief could I obtain. After suffering great pain and having my passage almost entirely clogged, I fourteen days ago began using Dr. Wohl's medicines. Today I am perfectly well. I do consider Dr. Wohl the most successful physician in Southern California.

218 and 318 S. Main st. Los Angeles, Cal. October 13, 1891.

I have tried many doctors for heart disease but have derived no benefit until Dr. Wohl, the Chinese physician of Los Angeles City, prescribed for me. Two months ago I began his treatment and can now certify that he has done me great good. I recommend Dr. Wohl to my friends as an able doctor. P. E. KING, Justice of the Peace, Burbank, Cal. Oct. 30, 1891.

Dr. Wohl has hundreds of similar testimonials, but space alone prevents further publication of them here.

Dr. Wohl is the oldest and best-known Chinese Physician in Southern California. His many cures have been remarkable, involving Female Troubles, Tumors and every form of disease. All communications will be regarded as strictly confidential.

Free consultation to every one and all are cordially invited to call upon Dr. Wohl at his office.

227 SOUTH MAIN STREET, bet. Second and Third streets, Los Angeles, Cal.

## Special Excursion

**To Gila Bend, Arizona,**

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1891.

THE GILA BEND RESERVOIR AND IRRIGATION COMPANY OF ARIZONA have 250,000 acres of Government land under their canal system, subject to entry under the Homestead or Desert Act, which can be secured for \$13.75 per acre, including a perpetual water right of 1 inch to 3 inches. These lands are adapted to the raising of citrus fruits, as well as all other products common to a semi-tropical climate. This is an exceptional opportunity for persons of limited means to secure a home that in a few years will become very valuable. For full information call on or address

C. W. MAXSON, General Agent, Gila Bend Reservoir and Irrigation Co., 138 S. Spring st., Los Angeles, Cal.

## Steel Water Pipe!

50,000 feet 4 inch.  
40,000 feet 6 inch.  
30,000 feet 8 inch.  
15,000 feet 10 inch.  
10,000 feet 12 inch.

—FOR SALE BY—

**J. D. Hooker & Co.,** Los Angeles, Cal.

## RUSSIAN PLOTTERS.

Discovery of Another Wide-spread Conspiracy.

A Popular Government and Not the Czar's Death Its Object.

Many Prominent Nobles Arrested—Universities Closely Watched.

Other Foreign Dispatches—Clients of a German Banker Badly Victimised—Great Loss of Life Caused by the Big Storm.

By Telegram to The Times.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Some surprise was expressed in this city upon the receipt of a dispatch today announcing that extraordinary activity is being displayed by the Russian government in connection with the internal disturbances in the empire. It was thought at first that the government's action was due to trouble arising from the scarcity of food in many districts of Russia, as for some days past dispatches have been received depicting the terrible sufferings of the starving peasants. Many acts of lawlessness have been committed by men rendered desperate by the pangs of hunger, and the statement made that the marshals of the nobility would be held to strict accountability for any political disturbances in their districts, was taken to mean that the starving peasants and small farmers were assuming a threatening attitude.

A dispatch received this evening, however, puts all speculation to flight. A short time ago it came to the knowledge of the police that a conspiracy was under way. While the secretary was pursuing his investigations in St. Petersburg, the police found that the conspirators in that city were only part of a numerous band, the headquarters of which was located in Moscow. They learned also that the conspirators had been very active in securing adherents to their plan, and that the conspiracy had ramifications which spread to all the principal parts of the empire. The object of the conspiracy, unlike a majority of plots discovered in Russia, was not to kill the Czar, but was the organization of a movement having for its end the creation of a representative assembly—an object which has been the dream of many years.

Sixty members of the nobility and of the upper and middle classes, charged with complicity, have been arrested. The students of all universities are under strict surveillance. The discovery of the plot and arrest of many prominent subjects has caused a decided sensation in Russia.

## MANY WRECKED.

Later Details of Disasters Caused by the Great Storm.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The British ship Talsman, from Tacoma, June 12, for Havre, passed Deal today. She reports that she was thrown on her beam ends in a hurricane yesterday, and her cargo shifted so that it was necessary to jettison fifty tons of wheat. Much damage was done to the vessel by the storm.

The number of those who lost their lives at the stranding of the Gylfe is seven. Stories of wreck and disaster caused by the storm continue to be received. News has just reached this city of the loss at sea of the British steamer Fairfield. No lives were lost.

PARIS, Nov. 13.—The recent gale caused an immense amount of damage in all parts of France and a number of persons were killed. Several vessels were wrecked on the English Channel, but only one man was drowned. Two smacks of Cherbourg with their crews numbering ten men are missing.

During the great storm a fishing lugger was driven ashore near Boulogne. Sixteen of the men aboard were drowned.

## ANOTHER CROOKED BANKER.

A German Financier Robs his Customers of Large Sums.

BERLIN, Nov. 13.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Another banking scandal came to light today. A Charlottenburg banker named Mass being the guilty one. The money appropriated by Mass to his own use includes 20,000 marks which has been subscribed toward a fund for the building of a church in memory of the late Empress Augusta and Emperor William. Ten thousand marks which were to be devoted to the Prince Frederick Charles Institute also disappeared. In addition to these 30,000 marks, Mass succeeded in making away with 400,000 marks deposited in his bank by 150 artisans and small traders. The liabilities are estimated at 1,750,000 marks. Mass appeared at the central police station in Berlin this morning and delivered himself up to the authorities there, after confessing his wrong-doing.

## The Peace Congress.

ROME, Nov. 13.—At today's session of the International Peace Congress resolutions were adopted in favor of partial military disarmament, the creation of an international tribunal of arbitration and the establishment at Berne of a permanent international peace bureau.

## Deadly Fire-Lamp.

BERLIN, Nov. 13.—A dispatch from Essen, one of the towns in the great coal-producing districts of Germany, reports a terrible explosion of fire-damp, by which eleven miners were killed and two others injured.

## Was Robert Ray Hamilton Murdered?

CLEVELAND (O.) Nov. 13.—Ralph Worthington, a wealthy merchant of this place, has just returned from the vicinity of Jackson's Lake, Wyo., where he has been hunting. He made, while there, careful inquiries concerning the cause of Robert Ray Hamilton's death, and is of the opinion that it was due to foul play, and not to accident. He says members of the Mormon colony near there believe in the foul-play theory. The story about Hamilton having been dragged down by his spurs becoming entangled in water grass, Mr. Worthington does not take much stock in. The ford where the accident occurred, he says, is paved with white boulders, and there is no sign of grass for some distance.

## Mexican Duties Reduced.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The Bureau of American Republics has received notice of a decree recently issued by the President of Mexico removing many arbitrary restrictions of the custom-house at the City of Mexico. The decree provides that foreign merchandise paying duty on entering the country at the frontier or maritime custom-houses shall not be subject to further taxation beyond 5 per cent consumption tax calculated on the amount imported.

## BERLIN MEDICAL INSTITUTE, Private, chronic and nervous diseases

CONSULTATION AND PRESCRIPTION FREE.  
Private diseases will be treated by our specialist, who has had years of experience at the famous Hot Springs of Arkansas.  
The treatment of the Berlin Medical Institute is the safest, best and surest known to modern medicine. We use no patent nostrums. Every prescription is written by our staff surgeon and carefully compounded in our laboratory by expert chemists. Patient and the afflicted in all parts of the country, are cordially invited to write us or call at our office, where consultation and prescriptions are free, a nominal charge only being made for medicine. Patients abroad, by writing us a thorough history of their case, will be successfully treated by mail. All consultations and communications are strictly confidential. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Sundays, 10 a.m. to 12 noon, and 2 to 4 p.m. Address all communications to Lock Box No. 1594, or call at our offices.

No. 107 N. Spring st., Los Angeles, Cal.

## AN OUTRAGED SOLDIER.

Quartermaster Sergeant Connor's Long Service in the Militia.

Quartermaster Sergeant James Edward Connor, of the Eighth regiment of the national guard of New York, is the oldest militiaman in the United States, not only in years, but in continuous service. On Sept. 11, 1848, he joined the militia, and has missed fewer drills and encampments since than many militiamen do in five years. What is of more importance to the journalist, he has been a close observer all this time, and can detail every change from Scott's tactics and the old flintlock-down to the breechloader and Upton's tactics.

On reaching his eighty-third year he decided to resign, alleging that he was no longer able to do the duties of quartermaster sergeant, but Colonel George D. Scott, of the Eighth, flatly refused to receive his resignation on such grounds, as signing a younger man to do the work and giving the old sergeant exemption from drill whenever he felt indisposed. Mr. Connor was born Jan. 16, 1808, in Newark, N. J., and felt his first promptings to military training at the age of five, when the second war with England began to grow exciting. He removed to New York city in boyhood, and has resided there ever since. After a variety of experiences in temporary militia companies he joined the Sixth regiment, known as the "Governor's Guards," in 1848, and has remained in that and his successor ever since.

He has seen some active service, too, as the city militia has repeatedly been called out in riotous times. He started to the front in 1861, but all the men over fifty years of age were weeded out and he was



JAMES EDWARD CONNOR.

one of them. Despite his eighty-three years he handles a gun splendidly, seldom misses a drill, and is under no strain in his company during the whole annual encampment. His particular pride is in the handsome new armory of the Eighth on Park avenue and Ninety-fourth street, and he wears several medals for marksmanship and good service.

## Baptism of a Colored Giant.

The Mount Olivet Baptist church in West Fifty-third street is the fashionable Afro-American house of worship of New York city. It is a large and commodious edifice, but its capacity was taxed to the utmost the other Sunday, the attraction being the baptism of John A. Seaton, who is a giant physically as well as a giant of influence among the colored residents of Gotham.

A score of years ago he was a Washington policeman, and first visited New York as a pall bearer at Charles Sumner's funeral. Soon after he obtained a position as guide and guardian of the big Equitable building on Broadway, and has held the place ever since. Recently he expressed a desire to become a member of the Mount Olivet congregation. He was gladly welcomed to the fold, but Baron Wisner hardly saw how he was going to baptize a man over 6 feet 7 inches tall in a font 5 feet square and 4 deep. However he essayed the task and succeeded, much to the satisfaction of the large audience. Mr. Seaton is comparatively wealthy and a man of family.

Stories About the White House.  
A historical fact not generally known is that the president's house narrowly escaped being a congress house. In 1793, when the government was creating a capital in a middle on the Potomac, and had run short of funds, a proposition was made that work on the Capitol be stopped and that the White House be fitted up for the use of congress. Estimates were secured on the cost of doing the work, and if President John Adams hadn't interfered the completion of the building might have been delayed for many years.

Another source of annoyance was the disposition made of the great carpet presented to General Grant by the sultan of Turkey. It was really an immense Turkish rug, and of course it did not fit the East room. So somebody cut it up and sewed it together with a puckering, skewered seam fit to give a man of good taste a headache. This was so ugly that they took it out altogether, and cut the great rug into still smaller pieces, used them for a time, and finally sold them. I could now take you to some rather modest houses in this town where the mistresses and masters boast that their floors are covered by the rug which the sultan of Turkey presented to General Grant. Following the rug came a carpet as red as a brick. Colors were colors in those days, and in this case the carnage was painfully conspicuous.

## The Pan Republic Congress.

The pan republic congress committee at its two days' session held in Philadelphia designated Rev. Edward Everett Hale, D. D., and William O. McDowell as delegates to the meeting of the International Peace league soon to be held at Rome, Italy. The Human Freedom society constituted at this meeting adopted as its emblem the flag of the nations participating centered in a white field. The league is to comprise as charter members the membership of all organizations in the world which in their organic law favor liberty, constitutional government and free institutions. All such are invited to send names and address to William O. McDowell, chairman of the organizing committee, Newark, N. J. The general committee adjourned to meet at Omaha, August 10, 1892.

## ED BAKER CONVICTED.

Almost as Quick Work as in Hoy's Case.

His Guilt Too Plain to Admit of a Doubt.

Young Case, the Fire-bug, Acquitted on a Technicality.

The Court Refuses to Admit His Written Confession of Guilt as Evidence—General Court News—Today's Calendar.

At 10 o'clock yesterday morning the trial of the case against Edward L. Baker, the real-estate broker, charged with having forged the name of Morris M. Green to a mortgage with intent to defraud one O. A. Stassford of \$4000, was resumed before Judge McKinley and a jury, in the presence of a large number of interested spectators.

The cross-examination of the defendant, Baker, was taken up by Assistant District Attorney McComas at the point he had reached on Thursday evening when court adjourned.

After a few questions relative to the certificate of title and the homestead on the property, the defendant was allowed to stand aside, and J. K. Stump was recalled by the prosecution for further cross-examination.

He admitted that he had known the defendant and the Greens for a long time, but denied that he had ever seen Hoy before his trial. Neither Baker nor any one else had ever introduced him to Hoy, nor did he know where he had ever represented himself to be Green. He admitted that he went to Green's house at 9 o'clock on the Sunday night following Hoy's arrest, for the purpose of interceding for Baker; but stated that he did not say anything when he got there because Green was not at home. Mrs. Green was there, however, but he did not tell her what his business was. He denied having asked Green to let up on the prosecution of Hoy, as he was involved, and if it was pushed he would be in trouble; he also denied that he told Green of his having advised Hoy to make the mortgage.

J. P. Clark, an employe of the Los Angeles Abstract and Title Insurance Company, was then called by the defense, and readily identified Hoy as the man who ordered the abstract and subsequently called for and obtained the certificate of title.

On cross-examination the witness surprised the defense by stating that he saw Hoy and to some extent outside the office as he went out, but he was unable to see to whom he gave it. The defense then rested its case.

At this juncture Mrs. Baker, who has been constantly at her husband's side since the trial began, signified her intention to take the stand on her husband's behalf, but both the defendant and his counsel urged her to keep her seat.

Attorney Peck finally asked permission to leave the courtroom for five minutes, and Mrs. Baker accompanied him. It was evident he persuaded her not to press her demand, for when they returned she took her seat beside Mr. Baker, as if she was evidently indignant at the refusal of counsel to allow her to assist her husband.

Morris M. Green was recalled by the prosecution in rebuttal to impeach Stump, and told how Stump had called upon him and requested that he let up on the prosecution of Hoy and Baker; that if he persisted it would involve him. Stump said he urged Hoy to sign a mortgage and now he was sorry for the part he took in the transaction.

O. A. Stassford was recalled and examined as to certain incidents that occurred at Green's place when the land was being looked at. The witness denied that Baker invited him to go into the house; that he declined as it was not worth while. Neither did Baker say in introducing Hoy, "this is the man who is representing Mr. Green."

Both sides having announced that they had no further testimony to offer, the case was declared closed and the Court ordered counsel to proceed with their argument.

The matter was forcibly argued at some length by counsel for both sides; but at 5:15 o'clock it was finally submitted to the jury. That body was taken out to supper at 8 o'clock, and returned to their room for deliberation about 7 o'clock.

Exactly one hour later the announcement was made that an agreement had been reached, and the jury, on being taken into court, returned a verdict of guilty as charged, whereupon Judge McKinley set Thursday morning next as the time for the passage of sentence upon Baker, who, beyond a slight nervous twitching of his fingers, betrayed no sign when the result was announced.

The conviction of Baker and Hoy has been largely due to the untiring efforts of Assistant District Attorney McComas, who has spared no pains to bring the matter to the bottom and bring the guilty parties to justice.

## YOUNG CASE ACQUITTED.

The trial of the case against Lewis Case upon the charge of attempted arson was concluded in Department One yesterday afternoon, the jury bringing in a verdict of acquittal at 5 o'clock.

When the trial was resumed at 10 o'clock in the morning J. R. Deppy, Esq., continued his argument against the motion to admit the boy's written confession in evidence, the jury being excluded meantime, and upon the matter being submitted to the Court, the motion was denied.

The jury was then called in, and P. H. Lennert and James Case, the boy's father, examined for three prosecution, which rested its case just before the noon recess.

Upon reconvening at 2 o'clock James Case, V. E. Farmer, Mrs. Fannie Case, and Hugh J. Crawford were examined by the defense, which then closed its case.

After a brief argument the matter was submitted to the jury at 4 o'clock, that body returning an hour later with a verdict of acquittal; whereupon the youthful defendant was discharged.

## Court Notes.

The trial of the case against E. W. Doss, which had been set for hearing yesterday before Judge Smith, was postponed until December 14, the Court being occupied in another case.

In Department Four yesterday the case of G. T. Coffin against A. Atkinson, a suit to foreclose a mortgage, came up for hearing before Judge Van Dyke, and the defendant having allowed the matter to go by default, judgment was ordered by the Court for plaintiff in the sum of \$728.36.

The case of W. H. Meiswender against J. Robson came up for trial in Department Five, yesterday, on an appeal from the judgment entered therein by Justice Austin. The appellant having demanded a jury, one was drawn, but it being agreed to waive trial by jury both parties were taxed for half of the jurors' fees before the case was proceeded with. Plaintiff then moved the court for judgment on the pleadings, but the motion was denied, and at the close of the testimony the matter, which was a controversy over \$37.50, was submitted to and by the court taken under advisement.

In Department Five, yesterday morning, Judge Shaw denied the motion for a new trial of the divorce case of Mrs. S. J. Boyd against E. H. Boyd.

The Hellman embezzlement case was argued by counsel in the Township Court yesterday, and upon being submitted to Justice Stanton, was by him taken under advisement.



THEY are going very fast. Ladies, don't miss this grand opportunity. Do not pay \$8 for a shoe when you can get the same thing at LEWIS' for \$5.

LEWIS LEADS.

LEWIS, Originator of Low Prices, 201 N. SPRING.

Ladies' Kid Button shoes, patent tip, \$1.75

Ladies' Kid Button Boots, Common Sense Last, \$1.50

Ladies' Oxford Ties, patent leather tip, worth \$2.50, for \$1.50

MEN'S hand-sewed French Calf Shoes, worth \$6.00, for \$4.00

## NO TRACE OF HENDRY.

His Mysterious Disappearance Still Unaccounted For.

He Has Certainly Been Missing Since July 23.

His Last Letter to His Wife from Los Angeles.

At That Time He Stated That He Would be Home on the 26th, After a One-day Trip in This Vicinity.

The San Francisco Chronicle of Thursday has the following additional details about the Hendry disappearance, an account of which was published in THE TIMES Thursday morning:

In the Chronicle of Tuesday was told the story of the mysterious disappearance of Thomas Hendry, ex-factor of the Hudson Bay Company at Victoria, B. C. Yesterday a morning paper published an interview with Mrs. Hendry, in which she denied that her husband had disappeared, and said that she knew where he was. After a careful inquiry the Chronicle has learned from thoroughly reliable sources that Thomas Hendry is certainly missing, and has been ever since July 23. There are also some material and interesting facts in the case which have not heretofore been published.

Hendry was in the employ of the Hudson Bay Company at Winnipeg for several years, and married there. About eighteen months ago he removed to Victoria, B. C., where he acted as first factor of the same company. He gave up his position and came to San Francisco in the early part of this year, Mrs. Hendry accompanying him. He brought with him some \$8000 or \$9000, and bank notes for all along he had shown a disposition not to entrust his money to banks or carry it about with him in the form of a certificate of deposit—a peculiar thing in a man so well accustomed to business methods. He left about \$2000 with Mrs. Hendry, with whom his relations, up to the time of his disappearance, seem to have been entirely harmonious. He wrote to her every day from the various points at which he stopped, even going so far as to mention his probable whereabouts for the next few days.

July 24 Mrs. Hendry received a letter dated at the Natick House, Los Angeles, July 22, saying that he was going into the country for a one-day trip, and also that she might expect him home on the 26th. That letter, dated nearly four months ago, is the last word Mrs. Hendry has received from her husband.

Several days after the time set for her husband's return Mrs. Hendry telegraphed to the proprietor of the Natick House. He replied that he knew nothing of Hendry's whereabouts since he left the house on July 23. After telegraphing to Chief of Police of Los Angeles, Mrs. Hendry herself went to that city, and took rooms at the Natick House. Chief Glass set detectives to work, and all means were exhausted to find the trace of the missing man, but without result. Inquiries at the real estate and railway ticket offices, and among the railway conductors proved equally fruitless. At the Natick House Mrs. Hendry was assured that her husband had attracted attention by his nervous actions with reference to the satchel containing his money. He carried it with him everywhere except to his meals, and even then he would choose a seat from which he could keep a close watch upon his bedroom door.

Mrs. Hendry returned to San Francisco after a week's search in Los Angeles. Since then she has applied to many fortune tellers, mediums and astrologers in this city and Oakland for assistance in her search, and has spent much of her little store of money in this way.

All along she has taken every possible precaution to prevent the publication of the fact of her husband's strange disappearance. Mrs. Hendry is described as being about six feet in height, well built, with very square shoulders, fair hair, blue eyes and light mustache. He speaks with a slight Scotch accent, and is rather inclined to be taciturn.

Donald Ross of Ross & Hewlett, No. 300 Davis street, was seen yesterday about the case. He was reluctant to speak, but finally stated that he knew and had known for some time the facts as here stated. Mr. Ross says Hendry's habits and character were excellent. He thinks the man may be suffering from a temporary aberration of mind, owing to sunstroke that may have been caused by the unusually hot weather when he was in Los Angeles.

Other theories are that Hendry may have been murdered for the money he carried, or disgusted with his lack of success in obtaining employment, he may have wandered off to begin life anew, not wishing to return to his friends unless successful. Then the theory of suicide also seems to some of the missing man's friends to be admissible.

IN THIS CITY.  
Nothing further has been heard from

LEWIS is selling the very finest of Ladies' French Kid Shoes, worth \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$8.00 a pair, for \$5.00.

## THE SAN DIEGO UNION, ESTABLISHED 1865.

Its Los Angeles Office.

Has opened a new office at 138 South Spring St., between First and Second Sts., Los Angeles, where advertisements and subscriptions will be received. It would respectfully state to business and professional men, hotel managers and others that the UNION is the only morning paper or seven-day paper in San Diego. Its circulation is much larger than that of any other paper in the county. It has the best telegraphic service of any daily in the state outside of San Francisco, its exclusive franchises including those of the Western Associated Press, the New York Associated Press and the Postal Telegraph.

Largest Circulation Guaranteed.

United Press Association. It is a welcome visitor to every home and counting room, and at every fireside it is looked upon as a valued friend and an honest adviser. No other city and county on the Pacific coast are so thoroughly covered by the circulation of one newspaper as this city and county is by the UNION. The columns of the paper show the earnestness of its purpose, by the extensive thoroughness of its news gathering, its carefully written editorials and the exclusion from its columns of whatever is offensive to pure thought, or that might make it objectionable for entering the family circle. Most conclusive evidence that this is only an intelligent and discriminating patronage is the kind sought for.

Everybody Reads It.

Mrs. Hendry, at police headquarters, since her letter to Chief Glass bewailing the fact that her husband's disappearance had got into the papers, and asking for the return of his photograph. The Chief is still very reticent, and declines to talk about the matter, as he regards Mrs. Hendry's communications to him as of a confidential character. To spite this fact, however, from various circumstances that have come to light, it is apparent that there is something in the story which has been kept back, and that Mrs. Hendry has not told everything she knows. The lady is in a delicate condition, and is of course greatly worried over the disappearance of her husband. Her husband's disappearance has been so particular about keeping the case quiet is what puzzles the officers. It was explained to her, when she was in Los Angeles, that if her husband had met with any accident, or been murdered for his money, or wandered away while mentally deranged, the surest and best way to discover him would be to give everything to the papers, but Mrs. Hendry refused to do this, or even to consider such a proposition. At present the whole affair is a mystery, and there is but little prospect of solving it until the parties interested put the officers in possession of all facts bearing on the case.

They were seen by the police.

It isn't safe to discuss the emperor of Germany in his own realm save with laudatory phrase. Not long ago a young American got into serious trouble because he carelessly said to a companion in a Berlin cafe, "I caught at the Kaiser." The police had him locked up almost before he could catch his breath. The latest sufferer is a Roman Catholic priest, who recently renounced with the head of a household for hanging Emperor William's portrait between the pictures of two saints, remarking that a mere Protestant sovereign ought not to be placed so near the holy ones of the Catholic church. His words were reported, and the priest was brought before a neighboring tribunal and condemned to four months' imprisonment in a fortress for treason.

## Density of Population in Cities.

According to a recent census bulletin the density of population per acre in the large cities of the United States ranges from 4 in St. Paul, 5 in Minneapolis, 9 in Omaha, 10 in New Orleans and Buffalo, 11 in Chicago and Denver, 12 in St. Louis, to 59 in New York, 45 in Brooklyn, 31 in Washington and 30 in San Francisco. For other cities the figures for population per acre are: round numbers, Baltimore, 24; Boston, 20; Cincinnati and Milwaukee, 19 each; Cleveland, Detroit, Indianapolis and Newark, 16 each; Nashville, 14; Rochester and Philadelphia, 13 each.

## Mrs. Parker, the Chicago dress reformer,

announces that the women of the future will wear but two garments. (Stockings) four of these "womans of the future" for treason.



ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

panying picture was drawn was taken at Springfield early in 1860, and is now the property of Captain John Bonfield, of Chicago. Lincoln's old time friend, Hon. Milton Hay, says that it shows the man as he was—"in the sober expression most habitual with him"—better than any photograph he ever saw. Alfred Orendorff said that it depicts Lincoln "as he usually appeared in court and about to argue an important case."

Nothing further has been heard from





Ernest Warren of Oakland is in the city. City Clerk Teed is slowly improving and hopes to be able to resume his official duties early next week.

First Baptist Church, Sunday evening, lecture on "The Sealed Book of the Apocalypse." Baptism at close of service.

The Olive Club is anxious to meet—any foot-ball eleven, under 19 years of age, in Southern California. The secretary's address is the corner of Olive and Court streets.

There are undelivered telegrams at the office of the Western Union Telegraph Company for George C. Sater, J. M. Woods, Harry Slater, P. A. Graham and C. O. Hawley.

The grand jury will commence an investigation of the Pomona land title trouble on Monday. A number of witnesses have been subpoenaed and every effort will be made to get at the bottom of the whole affair.

Ex-Sheriff Martin Aguirre made an excellent shot near Redondo the other day. He made a wing shot and killed twenty-four plovers by discharging both barrels into the flock. It is the biggest kill of the season at one shot.

The wife of W. S. Armour of Chicago died at the Hotel Figueroa early yesterday morning, of consumption, after a lingering illness. The remains were shipped east yesterday afternoon, and were accompanied by Mr. Armour.

Garden fête at the ladies' chrysanthemum fair, Hope street, near Seventh, today. Fine musical programme in the afternoon. This will be the last opportunity to see the chrysanthemums. Admission, 25 cents; children, 10 cents.

The San Diego bank failure was generally discussed yesterday, and it was the general opinion that the suspension is a benefit, as it has long been a disturbing element in financial circles. None of the other San Diego banks are affected.

The ladies of St. Paul's Guild wish to tender their thanks to the managers of the chrysanthemum fair and all those assisting them for their kindness in giving them the use of the garden last Monday evening, when a considerable sum was netted for the endowment of a free bed in St. Paul's hospital.

Business before the two departments of the Police Court was very dull yesterday. A few drunks were fined, and Nicholas Field, who was arrested on complaint of his wife charging him with assault, pleaded guilty and was sentenced by Justice Owens to thirty days in the City Prison. Sentence was suspended as long as he behaves himself.

Section 5 of the central interceptor sewer, on the east bank of the river, will be finished today. This sewer is 4000 feet long, and is constructed of 2-foot, salt-glazed, vitrified pipe. The sewer during its entire length was laid in water, but the contractors, Frick Bros., have made a good job of it, and it will compare favorably with any sewer work in the city. Councilman Nickell of the First Ward has given the matter his personal attention, and seen that the specifications were carried out literally.

#### NEWS AND BUSINESS.

##### The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, NOV. 13, 1891.—At 5:07 a.m. the barometer registered 30.00; at 5:07 p.m. 29.97. Thermometer for corresponding hours showed 82° and 88°. Maximum temperature, 84°; minimum temperature, 65°. Partly cloudy.

For all kinds of photos see Dewey. Lunch room open to 2 o'clock at Woman's Exchange, 23 South Broadway.

Better get meals at the Koster Cafe, No. 140 South Spring street. It is the best place, unquestionably, first-class in every particular.

Quick time and low rates Eastward. Only 7 days and 20 hours Los Angeles to Chicago by the Santa Fe route. Time reduced to all Eastern points. Pullman drawing-room and tourist sleeping cars daily. Special tourist car excursions to Boston and intermediate points weekly. Santa Fe excursion conductors accompany passengers through. No extra charge for attendance. Particular attention given to west-bound passengers, tourists, colonists and settlers. Tickets from all points in the East and Europe on application to Santa Fe ticket office, No. 129 North Spring street, Los Angeles, and at First-street Station.

##### Flags at Half-mast.

LOS ANGELES, NOV. 13.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] The "perversity of inanimate things" sometimes produces serious consequences.

It is the custom at the Reform school on grand occasions to run up the two beautiful flags to the masthead. On Thursday morning last the first to appear was the flag over the stable. This went up as the bus from the Santa Fé Railroad drew up to the door, but the "union" was down—the usual signal of distress.

Next to spread its honored folds to the breeze was the flag over the main building. This rested at half-mast, and remained so until nearly 12 o'clock. The excitement was great in the quiet village. Citizens rushed hither and thither. "What official has happened?" "What official has been called this time?" While the signal of State bereavement gave no answer.

The only event of the day to cause alarm expressed at the stable, the only official death announced at the tower, is still a query, for the occasion both grand and solemn was the visit of the grand jury! Hence the grand pageant.

##### PERSONALS.

Mrs. J. A. Muir is visiting her mother in Sacramento.

E. J. McClelland, U.S.A., and W. A. Anderson of Riverside are at the Nadeau.

John J. Haley, J. C. Foulds, and Justice Haley and wife of San Francisco, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon. They have apartments at the Nadeau.

Hon. E. F. Spencer, President of the First National Bank, left for New Orleans the other day with his family. He will attend the National Bankers' Convention.

W. H. Snodaker, John R. Phelps, H. W. Phelps, J. W. Spencer, E. A. Gould, J. J. Collandun and H. S. Dinkelspiel are among the San Francisco arrivals registered at the Nadeau.

W. H. Perry returned yesterday from an extended trip through the eastern states where he has been examining water plants in large cities. He states that water is cheaper in Los Angeles than any other city in the Union, with three exceptions.

CALL FOR THE Agnes Booth Cigar.

FRESH GRATED HORSE RADISH—no turnips—at W. Stevens, Mott Market.

BISMARCK Biscuits at H. Jevue's.

NEW FEATURES at the Waxworks.

Providence Washington Insurance Company of Providence, R. I., Organized 1799.

Hanna and Webb are the resident agents for this old and well-known company. Those insured by this company, needing permits or endorsements, will please call at their office, No. 24 North Spring street.

TAKE THE CHILDREN to see little Red Riding Hood at the Waxworks.

BARLEY Crystals at Jevue's.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SEE THE JAPS at the Waxworks.

Removal.

B. Sens & Son, merchant tailors, will remove from No. 213 South Spring street to No. 306 South Broadway, California bank building, on or about November 14, where they will be pleased to see their old customers as well as many new ones.

## Established Facts:

That the ROYAL BAKING POWDER is the oldest and purest baking powder, and the greatest in leavening strength.

That it is free from every injurious substance.

That it makes lighter, sweeter, more nutritious and healthful food than any other.

The Royal Baking Powder Company refines its own cream of tartar in its own mammoth refinery, and thus insures its unvarying quality.

There is used in the manufacture of the Royal Baking Powder more than half of all the cream of tartar consumed in the United States for all purposes. This is required and must be chemically pure, and chemically pure cream of tartar could not be obtained in the markets of this country or Europe, which necessitated the building of special works, and the employment of special processes.

All other baking powders, when analyzed, show traces of lime and sulphuric acid, which arise from the impurities of the materials bought in the market, which their manufacturers use.

This is why the Royal Baking Powder is the only absolutely pure baking powder made.

#### A MYSTERIOUS CASE.

The Coroner Investigating a Sudden Death on the East Side.

Coroner Weidon is at work on what is supposed to be a highly sensational case. He will hold an inquest at 9 o'clock on the remains of a Mrs. Plant, the wife of a saloon keeper, who died suddenly in East Los Angeles yesterday morning.

The attending physician and several other doctors held a post mortem in the afternoon. The Coroner was present and enough was discovered to justify an inquest, but both the Coroner and all who took a hand in the post mortem were as mum as oysters when questioned on the subject, and stated that if there is anything wrong it will be made public at the inquest this morning.

The Coroner admitted that he was looking up evidence in the case, but at the same time he stated that one of the causes of death was a tumor in the stomach.

The inquest will be held at the residence on Downey avenue.

The whole affair is wrapped in mystery at present.

#### Winter Millinery.

Prices Reduced on all Hats!

Prices Reduced on all Ribbons!

Prices Reduced on all Feather!

Black Silk Velvet, per yard.....\$ .50

Black Silk Ribbon, wide.....\$ .15

Black Ostrich Tips, 3 for.....\$ .25

Black Birds.....\$ .15

Black felt, large round Hat.....\$ .50

Felt Hats in dress shapes.....\$ .25

Trimming Wings, worth 25c, for.....\$ .08

Trimming Pins, gold and jets.....\$ .05

JETS, STYLISH JETS.

Jet bands, Jet crowns, Jet and Gold crowns, Jet pins and Jet ornaments, all reduced in price. Jetted Feathers, Spangled Feathers, all reduced.

TRIMMED HATS AND TOQUES.

\$2.50 Trimmed Work, reduced to.....\$1.25

\$3.00 Trimmed Work, reduced to.....\$1.50

\$5.00 Trimmed Work, reduced to.....\$2.50

Mozart's Stylish Trimmers.

Mozart's Fashionable Shapes and Shades.

Mozart's lowest prices and largest assortment.

MOZART'S FINE MILLINERY.

240 S. SPRING ST.

Between Second and Third.

[Changed every day.]

On the Bargain Counter

At Wineburgh's Today.

SATURDAY, NOV. 14.

Trade is increasing with us. We are offering good reliable goods at bottom prices throughout our store. Our bargain counter is a drawing card.

On Monday, November 14, we are going to unload some of our dress goods. Every piece in the house will be cut in price. Today we offer:

Marshall's black linen thread, 3c a spool.

Patent pocket extension crochets hosiery, 1c each.

Black ebony handled stocking darners, 5c each.

Fancy garter webbing colored, 5c a yard.

Black silk veiling, gold dotted, 15c a yard.

Swiss pockets, contains thousands fancy colored beads, 10c a bag.

White rick-rack brand, best quality, 5c a bunch.

Gent's 22-inch hemstitched Japanese silk handkerchiefs, 50c each.

Best quality imported Fairy floss and Fairy yarn, 15c a hank.

Imported German knitting yarn, 15c a hank.

Fine quality colored silk velvets, good colors, 5c a yard.

Gent's scarlet all-wool shirts and drawers, 75c each.

Gent's seamless all-wool camels' hair socks, 25c a pair.

Gent's 3-ply linen collars, all sizes, 85c each.

Ladies' heavy Scotch gray wool mixed shirts and drawers, 69c each.

Ladies' button colored kid gloves, 5 1/2 to 7 1/2, 50c a pair.

Taped and scalloped border lace curtain scrim, 10c a yard.

Commencing Monday, to last 15 days, we are going to make a big cut on dress goods.

WINEBURGH'S, 306-310 S. Spring St., Below Third.

GREAT ADDITIONS to the Waxworks.

Frank X. Engler,

Piano tuner and repairer, 316 W. Second t

GRANULA, the great health food, for sale by all grocers. H. Jevue, agent.

Make No Mistake

If you decide, from what you have heard of its cures or read of its merits, that you will take Hood's Sarsaparilla, do not be induced to buy something else which may be claimed to be "about the same" or "just as good." Remember that the sole reason for efforts to get you to purchase some substitute is that more profit may be made. Firmly resist all inducements, and insist upon having just what you called for, Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then you will not be experimenting with a new article, for Hood's Sarsaparilla is

Tried and True.

"In one store the clerk tried to induce me to buy their own instead of Hood's Sarsaparilla. But he could not prevail on me to change. I told him I knew what Hood's Sarsaparilla was. I had taken it, was perfectly satisfied with it, and did not want any other." Mrs. ELLA A. GORZ, 61 Terrace Street, Boston, Mass.

We Are All Taking It.

"We could not be without Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is the best medicine we ever kept in the house. My family are all taking it." Mrs. J. M. BARRY, San Joaquin and Fremont Streets, Stockton, Cal.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. L. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

#### Licensed to Wed.

Marriage licenses were issued at the County Clerk's office, yesterday, to the following persons:

Henry Gutig, a native of France, 37 years of age, to Marie Cecile V. Viss, also a native of France, 26 years of age; both residents of Pico Heights.

Marius Falles, a native of France, 35 years of age, to Eugenie Clandon, also a native of France, 28 years of age; both residents of Pico Heights.

## The Genuine Article!

150 ACRES LEVEL LAND

Known as the "Hathaway Tract" in Azusa Valley.

## Orange Land,

In blocks of 10 acres or more, at only \$175 per acre. Title perfect; terms easy; 15 shares water to each 10 acres; all under cultivation.

Do not expect to buy genuine Orange land, well situated and with plenty of water, at or about \$100 per acre. You will not find it.

Write or call upon

EDWARD D. SILENT & COMPANY

Sole agents for the Hathaway Tract,

108 S. Main OPERAHOUSE BLK., Los Angeles, Cal.

We have partially and fully improved orange groves near Azusa and Covina at from \$300 to \$1000 per acre. GEO. D. BETTS, Manager Department Real Estate & Loans

## UMBRELLAS AND GOSSAMERS!

7 CASES of Umbrellas and Waterproof Garments were received last week, being the best and most reliable goods in the market; still, notwithstanding that fact, we are offering them at lower prices than are being asked (by the trade) for a much inferior article.

## GOSSAMERS...

Fine Electric Circulars—shaped.....\$1.00  
Choice Wine-colored Circulars—shaped.....\$1.50 and 2.00  
The "Peasant" Cloth Front—Rubber Lined.....2.50  
Raglans, Havelocks, Newmarkets, Westminster, Inverness, etc., in endless variety and at most magnetic prices.

## UMBRELLAS...

Gloria Silk (Paragon Frames) 26 and 28 in...\$1.00 to \$1.50  
Gloria Silk (Paragon Frames) 28 in, Special...2.00 to 2.50  
Umbria Silk (Fancy and Natural Sticks).....2.50 to 3.50  
Gold, Silver and Inlaid Handles in latest styles and finest qualities, for the approaching rainy season.

Ladies are cordially invited to call and inspect these elegant goods, as all are specially choice, as well as being offered at unprecedentedly low prices.

Frank, Gray & Co.

COR. SPRING AND THIRD STS.,

N. B.—Notwithstanding our large trade, matchless prices and exclusive styles in our Dress Good Department, we have selected several popular lines for a big drive this week at a 33 1/2 per cent reduction. No lady contemplating buying a dress should miss this rare opportunity.

## Dress Goods Cut Down

ON MONDAY, November 16th, we open a gigantic sale of Dress Goods to last for Fifteen days. We must have the room for holiday goods. Every piece of Dress Goods—black, colored or fancy wool or cotton, has been cut down in price, the new price marked in plain figures on a yellow tag. This sale will last only Fifteen days. An opportunity to supply yourself with a dress at the prices we have marked the goods is very seldom offered.

## WINEBURGH'S,

309-311 South Spring st., below Third.

## DR. HONG SOI,

CONSULTATION FREE.



317 S. BROADWAY, NEAR THIRD, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

DR. HONG SOI has graduated and received his diploma from the Medical schools and Universities in Canton and made his first professional practice for many years in the hospitals of Canton and Hong Kong, China. He is the sixth of a generation of doctors in his family and has made thorough studies of all diseases of the human body. The doctor has had wide experience as a physician and during his long stay of six years in Los Angeles, has made many skillful cures. The doctor cures Consumption, Rheumatism, Asthma, Catarrh, Sick Headaches, Indigestion, Wakefulness, Nervous Troubles, and all diseases that the human body is heir to, by his herb medicine, freshly prepared every day. It would be a benefit to those who are in trouble with sickness to give him a fair trial; his terms are very reasonable. The doctor uses a thousand kinds of medicines which he directly imports from China. Hundreds of voluntary testimonials from patients who have been cured by this doctor can be shown at his office. Please remember the above address and preserve this advertisement.

## HAWLEY, KING & CO. COLUMBUS BUGGIES.



TENTH YEAR.

LOS ANGELES, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1891.

PRICE: SINGLE COPIES, 5 CENTS. BY THE WEEK, 3 CENTS.

# THE SOUTH RIALTO TRACT

Is two miles west of Colton, the center of railroads in Southern California.

## THE SOUTH RIALTO TRACT

Is four miles north of Riverside, the orange center of the Pacific Coast.

## THE SOUTH RIALTO TRACT

Has water piped to every ten acres, pure and abundant.

## THE SOUTH RIALTO TRACT

Has no washes, no waste land, no scale, no frosts, no heavy fogs.

## THE SOUTH RIALTO TRACT

Has a perfect soil—sandy loam on the surface and red heavier clay (not hard-pan) beneath.

## THE SOUTH RIALTO TRACT

Slopes to the south, and is easily sheltered from the north winds.

## THE SOUTH RIALTO TRACT

Has beautiful building sites and grand scenery.

## THE SOUTH RIALTO TRACT

Is being sold rapidly, cash getting heavy discounts.

## THE SOUTH RIALTO TRACT

Should be surely visited by all.

## THE SOUTH RIALTO TRACT

Can be fully investigated by calling upon or addressing the undersigned.

Owing to the death of its principal stockholder

## THE SOUTH RIALTO TRACT

Will be sold out within six months.

# No Reasonable Offer is Declined!

LOWELL L. ROGERS,  
General Manager, 209 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

# AN OPEN LETTER! VERY IMPORTANT!

To Those Who Have Learned the Lesson in . . .  
GEOGRAPHY

And all others interested, I wish to say a few words further regarding the East Whittier property. A good many have made inquiries, some have purchased, but we still have choice locations. Those who come first will get the choice. We expect many eastern people here to locate during the winter. There is no question as to the richness of the soil and the beauty of location, or to its adaptability to orange raising, and it is pronounced by experts the very choicest of lemon land. Lemons and Oranges are without question the wealth-producing fruits of Southern California, and the one who has ten acres or more in bearing orchards of these fruits has a fortune, not for today but for a lifetime, continually increasing; better than a settled annuity. The mesa land on the southern slope of the Puente Hills, from the Rincon Gap eastward, beautiful, rich, sheltered, warm in winter, cool in summer, is the garden spot of Los Angeles county and Southern California; Whittier and East Whittier the choicest of the choicest. The magnificent East Whittier water system, with a capacity of 20,000,000 gals. daily now carrying 5,000,000 gals., makes the future of this tract of land assured. The fountain artesian wells of the company have just been measured and show a variation of only 2 per cent. from their flow when first open, establishing the permanency of the flow. For the present the price of the East Whittier tract is \$200 per acre with water, and you get a clean title to both. The terms are liberal, one quarter down, balance in one, two and three years at 7 per cent. We do not sell to speculators, only to those who will improve, thus insuring the best class of people. The East Whittier tract is close to schools, both graded and primary, and to the Whittier Academy, just opened with most promising outlook; best of teachers and good attendance. A Friends' Church, with fine buildings and the most prosperous and largest society in Southern California. An M. E. Church, with a large and growing society and fine building. Also a Baptist society. Here you have all the advantages of suburban life and society, and a chance to make a beautiful home at low cost. Come and see the property and it will please you.

Very sincerely yours,

A. L. REED, Gen'l Mgr.

# OIL WELL SUPPLIES!

Boilers, Engines, Drilling Ropes, Pipe etc

Eastern-made Drilling Tools.

The only establishment on the Pacific Coast that can furnish everything connected with drilling or pumping oil wells.

Santa Paula Hardware Co.,  
SANTA PAULA - - - Ventura Co., Cal.

ECONOMICAL FUEL!

S. F. Wellington Lump Coal  
WHOLESALE - - - AT REDUCED PRICES - - - RETAIL

If your dealer does not keep it ring up Telephone 36 or leave your order with

HANCOCK BANNING,

IMPORTER, 130 WEST SECOND STREET.  
Oak, Pine and Juniper Wood sawed and split to order.

## THE COHN CONTEST.

Taking of Testimony Resumed Before Judge Clark.

The Deposition of Mrs. E. A. Helmeth of San Francisco.

Detailed Account of the Relations Between Cohn and Delphina.

The Deposition of Mike Stack Also Put in Evidence—His Version of the Marriage Contract.

In Department Two yesterday the trial of the contest over the estate of Bernard Cohn, deceased, was resumed before Judge Clark.

Before proceeding with the case R. A. Ling, Esq., announced that D. P. Hatch, Esq., had been associated with counsel for the contestants, and an order to that effect was entered by direction of the Court.

Attorney Ling then offered the deposition of Mrs. E. A. Helmeth, which had been taken in San Francisco, in evidence, and upon its admission proceeded to read it.

Mrs. Helmeth's testimony was to the effect that she first knew Delphina in 1872, when she lived on New High street with her mother and two brothers. Cohn came to live with her at this time, and on one occasion gave her \$1000 in gold with which to furnish the house, and witness accompanied her when she selected the furniture. Witness was present when Bernard was born. Cohn was at the house at 6 o'clock in the evening, but left. He returned in the morning and was pleased with the boy. He gave Delphina \$100 with which to buy baby clothes for the boy. He named the boy after himself. There were present a midwife and a nurse, and he paid all expenses.

On March 18, 1873, the child was baptized. The ceremony was performed by a priest, and in the Catholic faith. There was a supper at the house on the occasion, and Cohn discussed with the priest the boy; said he was a healthy fellow, and that he was proud of him. He had previously acknowledged the boy as his. He bought him a watch and chain, and often bought him clothes as he grew older. When he became a youth he sent him to Woodbury's college in this city, and always acted as his father.

Witness frequently received money from Cohn while in San Francisco to purchase underclothing for Delphina, which she sent to her.

She was present at the birth of one or two other children. When Marcus Leo another child died Cohn purchased a lot in the Catholic cemetery, and it was buried there. In 1878, he bought a piano for Delphina, and paid \$500 for it. Two hundred dollars of this was cash, the balance paid in installments. He bought her jewelry, a diamond pin and ring. When Rosalina, a girl child, was born, Cohn was in Sacramento. He came from there to San Francisco to ask witness if she had heard anything of how the matter turned out. Delphina wore a locket that had Cohn's picture in it. After living some years on New High street, Cohn bought a house for Delphina to live in, on the plaza. It had to be repaired once, and he paid for the repairs.

They were married by contract on December 23, 1885. Cohn showed her the contract and she read it. It was in his handwriting. She was familiar with it. It was signed by Cohn, by Delphina and by J. A. Domingo, as witness. She could remember some of the contents of the paper, not all. The witness recited what she knew. It was drawn up with some legal skill, and in a positive fashion, stating that to remove taint from the children of Delphina, who were all his children, he acknowledged them to be his and Delphina to be his wife.

Some time after she was told by Cohn that the contract had been lost, but that he had procured a duplicate, and that he had put it in his pocket, and his children therein. She did not see the will.

The witness also testified that in 1878 a newspaper called the Jolly Giant published an article, picturing the two families, one of which it referred to as the "Chile Pepper," and the other as the "Jew" family.

Upon reconvening for the afternoon session at 2 o'clock p.m. R. A. Ling, Esq., announced that his client had informed him that Casper Cohn had insulted her just before she left the courtroom for the noon recess, and Judge Clark sternly remarked that if such was the case he would deal severely with the offender. Young Cohn, however, disclaimed any intention of insulting the fair contestant, and the matter was dropped.

The deposition of Mike Stack, who was formerly in Cohn's employ as a coachman, was then read. The witness testified to the effect that he was employed by Cohn both before and after his marriage with Delphina, which occurred on December 23, 1885. Cohn himself told of the event, and showed witness the contract. His employer had frequently told him of his intention to marry Delphina as soon as he could, prior to that. He then told of Cohn's visits to Delphina's house, and his actions there, all of which tended to show that he ate, slept and resided there as the head of the household. The witness further stated that in May, 1889, about five months before his death, Cohn met him in front of the Pico House, and told him to go and get the contract from a drawer in a bureau at the house on Sainevein street, and to bring it to him. He did so, but said nothing about it to Delphina at the time as Cohn told him not to do so. After Cohn's death, however, his conscience smote him, and he told her all about it.

James T. Courtney and his wife, Juana, who resided on Amelia street in 1885 and 1886, and were well acquainted with Delphina, testified as to their having seen Cohn at the latter's house, and that Delphina and her five children always went by the name of Cohn. The deceased always spoke of the children as his, and treated them as a father, correcting them when they did wrong, and appearing to be fond of them at all times.

Mrs. Courtney was an especially good witness, as she had frequently worked for Delphina, and knew exactly the condition of affairs that existed between them.

At 4:30 o'clock court adjourned for the day, the case being continued until Tuesday morning next.

## PUBLIC WORKS.

Recommendations Adopted by the Board Yesterday.

The regular weekly meeting of the Board of Public Works was held yesterday, when the following recommendations were adopted for submission to the Council Monday:

In the matter of the proposals to construct a fill on the west city boundary near Ninth street; we recommend the acceptance of the bid of J. J. Mahoney for the sum of \$665, and that the City Attorney be instructed to draw the necessary contract and bond, the same to be paid for out of the internal sewer fund.

In the matter of Councilman Sumner's motion to have the Pacific Railway company notified to repair its tracks between the rails, we recommend that the Street Superintendent notify street railway companies operating in this city to place all portions of streets between their tracks in as good condition as the remainder of the street.

We recommend the passage of the ordinance regulating the placing of signs and signs upon over and upon the sidewalks of the city, referred to us for consideration, as amended by us.

In the matter of the petition from Charles S. Walton for franchise to connect and maintain conduits for wires for telegraph, telephone, electric lights, etc., we recommend it to be referred to the Committee of the Whole.

In the matter of the petition from Joseph Binkhard et al., for the Council to order Twenty-eighth street, from the west line of Figueroa street to the east line of Hoover street, graded, graveled and curbed, accepting such curb as is already laid to line and grade, we recommend that the petition be granted, and that the City Engineer be instructed to present the necessary ordinance of intention.

## IN SOCIAL SPHERES.

[News intended for this department should be furnished promptly and sent addressed "The Times-Society News," accompanied by the name of the contributor. Write briefly and plainly, giving the facts without needless verbiage.]

## TOPICS OF THE DAY CLUB.

The second meeting of this club was held at the residence of Mrs. S. A. H. Kill, on Thirty-second street, Wednesday evening. The President, D. H. Luther, read two very interesting articles on the questions of the evening, "The Louisiana Lottery and its Effect on the People," and "The World's Fair."

"The Chilean Outrage" was also reviewed, and the members took up the discussion of these topics with great spirit and animation. These debates on the leading questions of the day are proving to be very instructive as well as entertaining, and are quite a feature in the social life of this part of the city. The next meeting will be held at the residence of Mrs. D. H. Luther on Thirtieth street.

## A LUNCH PARTY.

Mrs. Walter S. Moore entertained a small company of ladies at lunch yesterday at the Woman's Exchange lunch rooms on Broadway. The affair was in honor of Mrs. Alfonso Wigmore, who came from there to San Francisco. The table appointments were in keeping with the dainty viands served, roses and smilax forming the decorations. The following ladies enjoyed the repast: Mmes. A. Wigmore, J. Wigmore, M. Hughes, F. H. Shoemaker, W. S. Maxwell, Fred C. Howes, H. O. Collins and W. S. Moore.

## A MUSICAL AND SOCIAL.

A large company assembled last evening at the residence of Dr. J. M. White, 219 South Hill street, to enjoy a musical and literary programme under the direction of Prof. Kent, and afterward a merry social time. The entire house was given up to the guests, the dining room being converted into a cosy little music hall where Mrs. Dr. Shoemaker, Miss Selby, Miss Lemon, the Misses Pepper, Miss Mand and Guy Hill entertained the company with songs and instrumental music interspersed with readings by Rev. J. S. Dill, pastor of the Central Baptist Church, and Miss Vail, who read the "Legend of the Organ Builder" in an exceptionally pleasing style.

A curtain at one side of the room was lowered at the conclusion of the exercises, and the ladies of the party were concealed behind it, and auctioned off to the gentlemen who bid on the feet protruding from beneath the curtain. Judging from the length and width of some of the soles displayed the Chicago girl must have been very numerous. Each lady was provided with a dainty luncheon, which she shared with the gentleman who put up his shanks on her pretty feet, and as a result quite a sum of money was realized for the benefit of the Central Baptist Church.

Among those present were Dr. and Mrs. E. T. Shoemaker, Mrs. Taggart, Mr. and Mrs. Howell, Miss Quincy, Miss Harben, Mr. Davidson, Miss Clarke, Mrs. Abbott, Miss Abbott, Mrs. Davies, Miss Whipple, Dr. Brown, Dr. Free, Mrs. Pride, Miss K. N. Neuhart of Woodfield, O., Mrs. Gowan of Waterville, Me., and many others.

## CATHOLIC ENTERTAINMENT.

The Los Angeles Catholic Beneficial Association gave their second monthly social last Thursday evening at Y. M. I. Hall. A musical and literary programme preceded the social hour, the audience being entertained by music from Prof. A. G. Garner, Mrs. Sellenheide, Misses Emily and Retta Curtis, B. C. Holmes, Master Clarence Colman, Dr. Free, Masters Gardner and Willie Sellenheide, with recitations by Miss Emily Curtis, Miss K. McCarthy and B. C. Holmes. An address by W. A. Ryan was also an important feature of the programme.

This association is designed to unite Catholics in the bonds of fraternity, and to assist those of its members who are sick or in distress.

## NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Mrs. J. A. Muir has gone to Sacramento on a visit.  
Miss M. L. Harris of Coshocton, Ohio, is a guest of her aunt, Mrs. Maj. Frew.  
Miss Kitty Forman of Pico street will entertain a few friends at tea this evening.  
Mrs. E. S. Blasdel of East Worman street has gone on an extended visit East.  
Mrs. Mordon and Miss Clara Northrop of Portland, Or., are at the Bunswick for the winter.  
Miss Maud Hazlett has gone to Glendora to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Silent for a few days.  
Stanton, W. R. C. will give their Christmas carnival on December 10, 11 and 12, at Turnverein Hall.  
About fifty young people of this city went out to Hotel Green, Pasadena, last night to attend the Chesterfield ball.

Miss L. M. Vail leaves shortly to pass the winter with her relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh D. Vail at Santa Barbara.  
Miss Kate Spence of Monrovia will entertain a company of Los Angeles guests at a party next Tuesday evening.  
Rev. and Mrs. R. S. Cantine are pleasantly located at Hotel Langham, corner Ellis and Mason streets, in San Francisco.

clso, where they will be most happy to greet their Los Angeles friends who may chance to visit the city.

Mrs. Henry Ludlam and Mrs. J. D. Cole gave a house-warming last night at the Ludlam school, Y. M. C. A. building. Miss Rose George of Pennsylvania is expected soon, to pass the winter with her uncle, Dr. E. T. Shoemaker of the East Side.

A number of the High-school teachers will join a party for a trip to Millard's Cañon today, going by burro from Devil's Gate.

The marriage of John Bryson Ashby and Miss Alice Rawson will take place next Tuesday evening at the home of the bride, No. 55 Loomis street.

Mrs. Pride of Portland, Me., has returned to the Hollenbeck for her third winter in Los Angeles, and will hereafter spend the entire year in this city.

The ladies of Ascension Guild, Boyle Heights, will give a musical and literary entertainment next Wednesday evening at the residence of Mrs. Nichols, No. 322 Cornwall street.

The bazaar at St. Paul's Hall closed last evening, the sales having been quite satisfactory, though not as large as they should have been, considering the worthy object—that of endowing a free bed at St. Paul's Hospital.

The Ladies Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. are preparing a first-class concert to be given the 24 of December. This concert is not one of the series to be given by the Y. M. C. A., but is specially arranged by the ladies to increase the fund for furnishing the rooms.

J. M. Carson of the Dominguez ranch will be married in San Francisco on the 24th inst. to Miss Kate Smythe. The wedding will occur in the Cathedral at San Francisco, where the prospective bride has been for a long time the leader of the choir. An extended eastern trip will follow the marriage, after which the couple will return to Los Angeles, to reside at the Dominguez rancho.

## BASEBALL.

A Good Programme for the Winter Season Arranged.

It is now an assured fact that there is to be some first-class baseball playing here this winter. The arrangements made by Mr. Turner with the different northern league clubs for their appearance here this winter is highly gratifying to the ball cranks. The San Francisco, Uncle Henry Harris' famous team, will open the season with a series of seven games, commencing Thanksgiving Day. After this series has been played the following well-known northern clubs will appear here and play against the local club: Sacramento, San José, Portland, Fresno, and perhaps others. It is the intention of the local managers here to have as good a home team as talent and money can make up, and as they will ask to have the Los Angeles team admitted to the California League this coming spring, they will undoubtedly have a very strong aggregation of players, for they would stand no chance of being admitted with a poor nine.

The managers of the First-street Ball Park start in the first of next week to build a new grand stand, move the right field fence back seventy-five feet and put the ground in first-class condition in short time, have everything ready and in first-class order for their grand opening game Thanksgiving day. These games will, no doubt, attract large crowds, and the management will leave nothing undone to secure the comfort of the public. Messrs. Turner and Geartree deserve credit for the enterprise displayed by them in arranging these games and in trying to give Los Angeles some good ball this winter, and the public will, no doubt, show their appreciation of their efforts by a generous patronage during the series of games.

Tomorrow the Seventh Regiment plays the Tufts-Lyons. A close and exciting game is looked for.

## RECEIVER CRANK IS SATISFIED.

Will Put His Pearl and Figueroa Street Tracks on Grade.

Receiver Crank was asked yesterday what his company intended doing in the matter of Paving Figueroa and Pearl streets.

"We are quite willing to lower our tracks to the grade which may be established by the authorities," said Mr. Crank. "We shall avail ourselves of the benefit of the bonding law under which the streets are being improved. We want the street improved, and will throw no obstacle in the way. The improvements—that is, the paving—will cost \$45,000 for a little over 7000 feet. This is an outrageous price, yet we have no protest in the matter, but are required to accept whatever the proper owners demand. I presume the contractors will be willing to take the bonds—though we could build an entirely new track over the same ground for about \$16,000, and it might not be regarded as first-class security, but we can easily pay off the bonds in ten annual installments. The law has never been passed upon by the Supreme Court, and we shall not question it. If the improvement is made with bonds."

## Y. M. C. A. LYCEUM.

The first meeting of the Lyceum of the Y. M. C. A. of Los Angeles was held last evening at the Association parlors. The early part of the evening was devoted to the business of organization. The following officers were elected: President, W. Chambers; vice-president, Dr. Charles Sterling; secretary, Will F. Jacobs.

After the business was disposed of an hour or more was taken up in the discussion of the subject of debate appointed for the evening: "Would the United States be justified in perpetrating demanding reparation of the Chilean Government for the indignities perpetrated upon American sailors, and in declaring war if immediate satisfaction be not given?" Messrs. Sterling and Snyder led the respective sides, after which the debate was thrown open to general discussion, and a number of creditable speeches were made.

Upon vote of the club, it was decided for all time that the negative of the above question would be the only justifiable course of the United States.

The subject of next Friday evening is: "Resolved, That it would be to the best interests of this Government that all national officers be elected by an orange tree in full bearing. This was to be applied in four installments of seventy-five gallons each, from July to October."

Hon. D. B. Wilson of the San Gabriel Valley, claims that 300 gallons of water, in addition to the annual rainfall in that district, was sufficient for an orange tree in full bearing. This was to be applied in four installments of seventy-five gallons each, from July to October.

## RAILROAD AFFAIRS.

The San Francisco Traffic Association at Work.

Strong Talk About Another Transcontinental Line.

The Rio Grande Western Headed for the Coast.

General Manager Dodge says the Plans Are Already Outlined—Increase in Southern Pacific Employees—Notes and Personals.

An old Los Angeles railroad man, in the person of William Luce, who was with the Southern Pacific Company in this city for a number of years and is well and favorably known throughout Southern California, has been elected before the Executive Committee of the Merchants' Traffic Association, now in session in San Francisco, for traffic manager, and it is believed that he has a fair show of success. In the Chronicle of Thursday is the following report of the proceedings:

The Executive Committee of the Merchants' Traffic Association held a well-attended meeting yesterday. Congratulations were exchanged on the success of the movement thus far, the committee being particularly well pleased with the report that there had been no actual refusal of the merchants to sign the roll, although some had asked for time to consider the matter. There was further discussion of the question of which shall be the trunk line, the names of H. E. Wickes, George Bistine, W. A. Bissell, L. D. Leeds, William Luce, Edward Vernon and W. H. Sears are among those now before the committee. It was decided to make the temporary office of the association at the store of Moore, Haynes & Co., No. 12 Front street. Next week a permanent office may be opened, a Market-street location being favored. The members decided that it was not necessary to have a traffic manager for the present, as there would be nothing to which he could turn his immediate attention.

A NEW ROAD TO SAN FRANCISCO. Thursday contains the following special dispatch from Denver:

That the Rio Grande Western has under consideration plans to extend the line to the Pacific Coast is practically admitted, and General Manager Dodge today declared that the line would be a double-track line to San Francisco, for he said: "We do not intend stopping at Salt Lake."

Col. Dodge said: "I told General Manager Towne of the Southern Pacific some time ago that we intended to build to San Francisco."

"Has the company surveyed a route to San Francisco?" was asked.

"Yes, that route was surveyed to the Sierra Mountains. It has not been settled yet that the Tintic branch will be on the main line. The distance to San Francisco will be about the same as the Southern Pacific—432 miles."

"Where will the Western cross the Sierras?"

"That I cannot tell. We have three or four places in mind where we can get across the range on an easy grade. There will be some heavy work on the grade along the entire line. The Southern passes through the Humboldt Valley a distance of 300 miles where it was the cheapest railroad work that I know of—just like building down the Platte."

"Will the Western build through the Humboldt Valley?"

"No, there is no business enough there, we want to get into new territory."

"It is reported that the San Francisco people are offering the Western extra inducements to build to the coast; is this report true?"

Instead of answering the question the Colonel laughed, and changed the conversation to another subject.

D. C. Dodge is one of the foremost among executive railway men of the country. He was the practical head of the Rio Grande during the famous fight for the Grand Cañon, and in the time of its most rapid development. Since the Rio Grande Western became a separate organization it has been under his care.

The Rio Grande Western extends from Grand Junction, Colo., to Salt Lake and Ogden. The Rio Grande proper reaches to Grand Junction, and so does the Midland, a line originating at Grand Junction, but using joint trackage with the Rio Grande between Denver and Colorado Springs. It is controlled by the Santa Fe. Thus a passenger may now leave Denver for San Francisco by either the Rio Grande, Midland or Union Pacific, although obliged to transfer to the Rio Grande Western at Grand Junction if taking the first or second.

It is readily understood at present that whatever road a passenger takes from the East makes but little difference to the Southern Pacific, because this side of Ogden the competition is keen, and when such men as D. C. Dodge says that they intend to build to the Coast it is believed that they will accomplish their design.

It success would make an independent line between San Francisco and Denver, East of which point a passenger could have the choice of several routes to the Missouri river, leaving the Southern Pacific and Pacific altogether out of consideration. The new thoroughfare would be more direct than the present, while every one of the roads constituting it, in solidity and quality of rolling stock, fully equals the old transcontinental line.

General Manager A. N. Towne of the Southern Pacific, when interviewed by an Examiner reporter, denied having any remembrance of a conversation with Col. Dodge of the Rio Grande Western about the westward extension of the road to this city. While of the opinion that one of the eastern roads will lay its track to this city, he expresses the belief that it will not be accomplished for a long time yet to come.

J. A. Muir, superintendent of the Yuma division of the Southern Pacific, was out on the line yesterday.

General Manager K. H. Wade of the Santa Fe's Southern California lines left for San Diego yesterday on a business trip.

W. H. Snedaker, passenger agent for the Rio Grande Western at San Francisco, came down yesterday and will spend a few days in Southern California.

The Southern Pacific Company now has nearly 18,000 men on its pay-roll. In spite of the recent discharge of train agents, telegraph operators and others, the number of employes has steadily increased.

John A. Sargent, assistant general freight agent of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis, arrived from the East in his special car yesterday, and took up his quarters with his family at San Gabriel.

The officers of the Southern Pacific have given out the following information: The Southern Pacific has begun the building of a line from Nahant to Redlands, ten miles. A large force of men is engaged, with the intention of completing the line by December 1. Two miles of wharf track are being laid at Santa Monica. In the rebuilding of the main line near Yuma, the grading has been finished and track-laying commenced. It is believed that the road there is now sufficiently above high water to stand any ordinary flood. New depots are being completed by the company along the recently-built San Ramon line.

## BUSINESS.

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES, LOS ANGELES, NOV. 13, 1891.

A dispatch from New York gives Bradstreet's returns of the clearings of the principal cities of the United States during the week ending yesterday, and comparison with the corresponding period last year as follows:

Cities.	Inc.	Dec.
New York.....	\$804,885,000	17.1
Boston.....	353,440,000	18.2
Chicago.....	102,745,000	7.7
Philadelphia.....	13,808,000	2.9
St. Louis.....	26,481,000	0.2
San Francisco.....	20,398,000	6.3
Baltimore.....	15,469,000	3.2
Cincinnati.....	12,573,000	2.7
Pittsburgh.....	11,229,000	0.2
Kansas City.....	11,089,000	23.2
New Orleans.....	12,170,000	18.1
St. Paul.....	6,339,000	3.8
Denver.....	5,279,000	2.1
Omaha.....	4,732,000	22.0
Portland.....	2,827,000	16.3
Salt Lake.....	1,781,000	21.7
Tacoma.....	1,215,000	60.4
Seattle.....	1,561,000	14.0
Los Angeles.....	1,152,000	49.0

Total of leading cities U.S., \$1,315,281,000. 13.1. Claus Spreckles in a recent interview said that a short European beet-sugar crop will have no effect on sugar prices for the present, but after a week they will be higher. Speaking about his refinery he said: "The capacity of our plant at present is about 2,000,000 pounds, but when the new buildings are erected the capacity will be 5,000,000 pounds per day, exclusive of what is refined in California."

At Chicago yesterday the Earl Fruit Company sold California fruit at auction as follows: Three cars California fruit, Winter Nellie, \$1.75 to \$2.10; Eastern Beurre d'Espérance, \$1.50 to \$1.75; Vicar pears, \$1.00 to \$1.25; Glout Moreau pears, \$2.50; White Doyenne pears, \$2.25; Beurre d'Espérance, \$1.50 to \$1.75; quinces, 75c; half crates Tokay grapes, \$1.00 to \$1.25; half crates Muscat, 60c to \$1.20; half crates Emperor, \$1.20; Cornish, \$1.20.

There were no changes in quotations in the local markets today.

## Money, Stocks and Bonds.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Money.—On call, easy, closing at 100. Prime mercantile paper, 50c to 60c. Sterling exchange—Eastern, 60-day bills, 4.80; demand, 4.85c.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—The stock market today was quiet, the opening being dull. Of the general list the Vanderbills and Union Pacific displayed considerable strength, and toward the close the whole list began rising. The close was active and strong at the top figures of the day. The principal gains include Sugar, 1/2; Erie preferred, 1/2; Western Union, 1/2. Government bonds steady.

## New York Stocks and Bonds.

[In the quotations below, where two sets of figures appear, thus: "Central Pacific, 34-34 1/2," the first figures refer to the noon quotations, and the last to the closing quotations.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.	NEW YORK, Nov. 13.
Atchafalpa 41 1/2-42 1/2	Or. Nav. 74-75
Am. Exp. 100	Or. S. L. 23 1/2-24
Can. Pac. 80 1/2-81 1/2	Pac. Mail 35-36
Can. South. 59 1/2-60 1/2	Pullman 71 1/2-72 1/2
Gen. Pac. 31-32	Reading 38 1/2-39
C. & N. 98 1/2-99 1/2	St. P. & O. 93 1/2-94 1/2
Del. & Lack. 138 1/2-139 1/2	R. G. W. 100 1/2-101 1/2
D. & R. G. 18 1/2-19 1/2	R. G. W. 100 1/2-101 1/2
D. & R. G. pref. 48 1/2-49 1/2	Rock Isl. 81 1/2-82 1/2
Erie 28 1/2-29 1/2	St. Paul 73 1/2-74 1/2
Kan. & Tex. 25 1/2-26 1/2	St. P. & O. 93 1/2-94 1/2
Lake Shore 122 1/2-123 1/2	Terminal 75 1/2-76 1/2
Louis & N. 77 1/2-78 1/2	T. & P. 122 1/2-123 1/2
Mich. Cen. 104 1/2-105 1/2	U. P. 40 1/2-41 1/2
Mo. Pac. 60 1/2-61 1/2	U. S. 4 1/2-4 3/4
N. Pac. 29 1/2-30 1/2	U. S. 4 1/2-4 3/4
N. P. & T. 70 1/2-71 1/2	U. S. 4 1/2-4 3/4
N. W. 114 1/2-115 1/2	U. S. 2 1/2-2 3/4
N. W. pref. 118 1/2-119 1/2	W. Fargo 138-139
N. Y. C. 109 1/2-110 1/2	West. Ind. 81 1/2-82 1/2
North Am. 17 1/2-18 1/2	Lead Trust 15 1/2-16 1/2
Or. Imp. 22	

## New York Mining Stocks.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.	NEW YORK, Nov. 13.
Alice 1 1/2-1 3/4	Mexican 2 1/2-2 3/4
Adams 1 1/2-1 3/4	Ohio 3 1/2-3 3/4
Best & Bell 2 1/2-2 3/4	Ophir 3 1/2-3 3/4
Diamond 1 1/2-1 3/4	Plymouth 2 1/2-2 3/4
Eureka 1 1/2-1 3/4	Sage 1 1/2-1 3/4
Gould & Cur. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Homestake 1 1/2-1 3/4	Standard 2 1/2-2 3/4
Horn Silver 3 1/2-3 3/4	Union 2 1/2-2 3/4
Iron Silver 1 1/2-1 3/4	Yellow Jack 1 1/2-1 3/4

## San Francisco, Nov. 13.—BAR SILVER.

San Francisco, Nov. 13.—BAR SILVER.	San Francisco, Nov. 13.—BAR SILVER.
Belcher 1 1/2-1 3/4	Peerless 1 1/2-1 3/4
Best & Bell 2 1/2-2 3/4	Potosi 1 1/2-1 3/4
Chollar 1 1/2-1 3/4	Sage 1 1/2-1 3/4
Crocker 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Confidence 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Gould & Cur. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Union 2 1/2-2 3/4
Hale & Nor. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Yellow Jack 1 1/2-1 3/4

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Best & Bell 2 1/2-2 3/4	Potosi 1 1/2-1 3/4
Chollar 1 1/2-1 3/4	Sage 1 1/2-1 3/4
Crocker 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Confidence 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Gould & Cur. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Union 2 1/2-2 3/4
Hale & Nor. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Yellow Jack 1 1/2-1 3/4

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Chollar 1 1/2-1 3/4	Sage 1 1/2-1 3/4
Crocker 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Confidence 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Gould & Cur. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Union 2 1/2-2 3/4
Hale & Nor. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Yellow Jack 1 1/2-1 3/4

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Chollar 1 1/2-1 3/4	Sage 1 1/2-1 3/4
Crocker 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Confidence 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Gould & Cur. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Union 2 1/2-2 3/4
Hale & Nor. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Yellow Jack 1 1/2-1 3/4

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Chollar 1 1/2-1 3/4	Sage 1 1/2-1 3/4
Crocker 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Confidence 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
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Hale & Nor. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Yellow Jack 1 1/2-1 3/4

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Chollar 1 1/2-1 3/4	Sage 1 1/2-1 3/4
Crocker 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
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Gould & Cur. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Union 2 1/2-2 3/4
Hale & Nor. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Yellow Jack 1 1/2-1 3/4

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Crocker 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Confidence 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
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Crocker 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Confidence 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Gould & Cur. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Union 2 1/2-2 3/4
Hale & Nor. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Yellow Jack 1 1/2-1 3/4

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Crocker 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Confidence 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Gould & Cur. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Union 2 1/2-2 3/4
Hale & Nor. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Yellow Jack 1 1/2-1 3/4

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Crocker 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Confidence 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Gould & Cur. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Union 2 1/2-2 3/4
Hale & Nor. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Yellow Jack 1 1/2-1 3/4

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Crocker 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Confidence 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Gould & Cur. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Union 2 1/2-2 3/4
Hale & Nor. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Yellow Jack 1 1/2-1 3/4

## San Francisco, Nov. 13.—BAR SILVER.

San Francisco, Nov. 13.—BAR SILVER.	San Francisco, Nov. 13.—BAR SILVER.
Belcher 1 1/2-1 3/4	Peerless 1 1/2-1 3/4
Best & Bell 2 1/2-2 3/4	Potosi 1 1/2-1 3/4
Chollar 1 1/2-1 3/4	Sage 1 1/2-1 3/4
Crocker 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Confidence 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Gould & Cur. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Union 2 1/2-2 3/4
Hale & Nor. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Yellow Jack 1 1/2-1 3/4

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Chollar 1 1/2-1 3/4	Sage 1 1/2-1 3/4
Crocker 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Confidence 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Gould & Cur. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Union 2 1/2-2 3/4
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Confidence 1 1/2-1 3/4	Santa Fe 2 1/2-2 3/4
Gould & Cur. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Union 2 1/2-2 3/4
Hale & Nor. 1 1/2-1 3/4	Yellow Jack 1 1/2-1 3/4

or extra steers on sale; others, 3.75 to 4.75; Texans, 2.25 to 3.30; rangers, 3.10 to 3.75. Hogs.—The receipts were 38,000; the market was brisk, steady to higher; rough and common, 3.70 to 3.80; mixed and packers, 3.90 to 4.00; prime heavy and butchers' weights, 4.05 to 4.10; light, 3.50 to 3.90.

Wool.—NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Wool.—Steady; domestic fleece, 30 to 35. BOSTON, Nov. 13.—Wool.—Quiet; Territory, 58 to 60 for fine clean; 50 to 55 for fine medium.

## SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 13.—[Special to THE TIMES.] The vegetable market is unchanged, with good supplies on hand of all kinds of stock. Potatoes are very heavily in supply and sales are slow. Onions are slow at quotations.

The market for fresh fruit is dull outside of grapes and apples. The latter are very abundant, clearing up fairly well under a good shipping demand. Berries are scarce and firm.

The market for dairy produce is steady with fair prices for the better grades of butter. Choice ranch eggs are scarce.

## Produce.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 13.—WHEAT.—Very dull; buyers, 1.10 to 1.12; seller, 1.11 to 1.13.

## Fruits.

HUCKLEBERRIES—100 lb. per box. CRAB APPLES—75 lb. per box.

GRAPES—25 lb. per box. MUSCAT—25 lb. per box. BLACKBERRIES—50 lb. per box.

VERDELIS—Wine grapes, 10.00 to 15.00 per ton.

PERSIMMONS—1.00 to 1.25 per box.

QUINCES—4.00 to 5.00 per box.

POMOGRADES—1.00 to 1.25 per box.

NECTARINES—25 lb. per box.

WATERMELONS—4.00 to 6.00 per hundred.

CASHEWS—50 lb. per cask.

FIGS—35 lb. per box.

BLACKBERRIES—4.30 to 5.30 per chest.

APPLES—25 lb. per box.

PEACHES—30 lb. per box.

PLUMS—40 lb. per box.

RASPBERRIES—10.00 to 13.00 per chest for sharpless and 13.00 to 15.00 for Longworth.

GREEN PEARS—35 lb. per box for common.

STRAWBERRIES—11.00 to 13.00 per chest for Sharpless.

LIMES—Mexican, 3.50 to 4.50 per box.

LEMONS—Stacy, 7.00 to 8.00; California, 2.00 to 4.50 for common to choice.

ORANGES—Tahiti, 2.50 to 3.00 per box.

BANANAS—1.50 to 3.50 per bunch.

PINEAPPLES—4.00 to 5.00 per dozen.

CHAMPAGNE—Cape Cod, 8.00 to 9.00 per bbl.

COSAS Bay, 2.50 per box.

## Dried Fruits.

APRICOTS—Evaporated, in boxes, 60c to 70c; sliced, 3/4c to 4c; quartered, 2/3c to 3c.

PEARS—70c for evaporated; 50c for sliced and 2/3c for quartered.

FIGS—40c to 45c for pressed and 30c to 35c for unpressed.

PRUNES—40c to 45c per pound; German, 40c to 45c.

## CITY ADVERTISING

[illegible]

The office of the city clerk said specifications being numbered 80-1769 shall now be constructed along said twenty eighth street from a point south of the intersection of Main street to the western end of the line of Main street at the intersection of Grand avenue and the intersection of Main street and Main street necessary manholes lamp posts and flushings said sewer to be eight inches in interior diameter and shall be made of vitrified vitrified pipe brick iron and cement all of which shall be constructed in accordance with the specifications attached hereto and on file in the office of the city engineer of the city of Los Angeles

It was further estimated that the total cost of said improvement will be \$100,000.00 dollars per front foot of each lot or lots situated on each side of each long each line of said street and each of the intersections It is hereby determined that the amount of said bonds shall be ascertained by the State of California approved March fifth 1901 that bonds shall be issued to represent the same and that the interest thereon shall be seven percent extending over a period of ten years an even proportion of which shall be paid annually commencing January first of each year after their date until the maturity of said bonds the interest rate of eight percent per annum and equal semi-

prices named for said work in his proposal on file, to wit: Grading, \$1.75 per lineal foot; curb, 40¢ per lineal foot; gutter, 60¢ per lineal

1878, 80¢ per inch; hot sewer, 90¢ per inch  
 1879, 80¢ per inch; cold water, 70¢ per inch;  
 and that the said award has been approved  
 by the mayor and council of the city of  
 Los Angeles, California, C. M. November  
 3, 1891.

FREEMAN G. TEED,  
 City Clerk of the City of Los Angeles.  
 By GEO. E. SEBP. Deputy. Nov 14 1891

[OFFICIAL.]

# Ordinance No. 1111.

(NEW SERIES.)

## Ordinance of Intention.

An Ordinance of the Mayor and Council of  
 the City of Los Angeles, Declaring Their  
 Intention to Improve a Portion of Sand  
 Street.

THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL OF THE  
 City of Los Angeles do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. That the public interest and  
 the good of the city of Los Angeles require  
 the attention of the city council of the city of  
 Los Angeles to order the following work to be  
 done:

1st. That a cement sidewalk six feet in  
 width be constructed along the north side of  
 Sand street from the corner of the line of Cast-  
 le street to the east line of Philadelphia street,  
 excepting such portions of said street be-  
 fore paved with asphalt.

2d. That the portion of Sand street where  
 asphalt sidewalk has been constructed and  
 accepted, said sidewalk to be constructed  
 with cement.

3d. That the city clerk of the city of Los  
 Angeles in the office of the city clerk, said

for six days in the LOS ANGELES DAILY TIMES.

SAK 3. The City Clerk shall certify to the Mayor and the Board of Public Works the same to be published for two days in the LOS ANGELES DAILY TIMES, and shall post the same conspicuously for two days on or near the chamber door of the Council, and thereupon and thereafter it shall take effect and be in force.

I hereby certify that the foregoing ordinance was adopted by the council of the City of Los Angeles, on the 11th day of May, 1891, by the following vote:

Ayes: Messrs. Alfred, Innes, McGarry, Russell, Bland, Huntington, Tufts and Peterson 8.

Noes: None.

FREEMAN G. TEED,  
City Clerk and ex-Officio Clerk of the Council

WILLIAM H. HAZARD, Mayor,  
By GEORGE E. SEIB, Deputy.

Approved this 12th day of May, 1891.

Nov 18 91 HENRY T. HAZARD, Mayor.

OFFICIAL 1  
Proposals  
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to the time of the opening of the bids at Los Angeles, to be held November 30, 1891 (not later than 10 o'clock a. m. of that day) for

ination of \$1000 each, drawing interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, interest payable semi-annually at the Chemical National

These bonds are all dated July 1, 1890, and this particular issue of the said bonds was divided into five blocks of ninety bonds each, and the principal of \$50,000 on each block became due and payable annually. One bond of each block has become due and payable each year since 1890, and in each block or a total of ninety-five bonds,

Proposals will be received for the entire issue or for one or more blocks.

Proposals to be indorsed: "Proposals for purchase of bonds."  
Bonds will be ready for delivery immediately.

Bonds will be delivered by the city treasurer at his office in the City Hall, Los Angeles city.

One hundred and fifty-four thousand dollars of bonds of this issue (the total issue being \$754,000) were on the 1st day July, 1891, sold to Kidder, Peabody & Co. of Boston, at a premium of 100 percent, and on October 8, 1890, one hundred and twenty bonds were sold to W. G. Krutz, \$120,000.

The municipal board has the honor to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council of the city of Los Angeles, at its meeting of October 26th, 1891.

FREEMAN G. TEED,  
City Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the Council

Oct 31-1891

[OFFICIAL]

**Proposals**

**To Repair Zanja No. 7, in the City of Los Angeles.**

**SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, AT 1 O'CLOCK A.M. OF MONDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1891, TO REPAIR ZANJA NO. 7, BETWEEN MACY STREET AND THE RIVER, AND TO REPAIR THE BRIDGE WITH THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS ON FILE IN THE CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE.**

A certified check to the order of the undersigned for \$50 must accompany each pro-

Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the council of the city of Los Angeles at its meeting of November 8, 1911.

FREEMAN C. TEELE  
City Clerk.

Nov 12 11

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## Proposals

To Construct a Fill for the City of Los Angeles at Its West Boundary Near High Street.

**SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED** by the undersigned until 11 o'clock

a.m., Monday, November 9th, 1891, to construct an earth fill at the west city limits at

A certified check for \$50 must accompany each bid as a guarantee that the parties will enter into a contract if awarded to them. The council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the council at its meeting of November 2, 1901.

**FREEMAN G. TEED,**  
City Clerk.

Nov 4 1901

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